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THE JERUSALEM POST

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1960. 6 Heshvan, 5721. 7 Jamad Awal, 1380.

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THE opening yesterday by Dr. Josephthal of the Public Works Division's next major road-building project heralds an important phase in the development of the Negev. It involves extending a second highway southwards towards Eilat — this time from Sdom, site of one of Israel's most rapidly expanding heavy industries. The Tovala Company is already planning the acquisition of an additional fleet of heavy lorry and trailer units, each to carry fifty tons of potash or phosphates down to Eilat for shipping to our expanding markets in Africa and the East.

EILAT, SDOM, and LACHISH

The Negev was always thought to be barren of resources. It possesses practically no water supplies, and receives a negligible rainfall. Was it visionary of Prime Minister Ben-Gurion to affirm that the surroundings of his chosen home at Sde Boker would be settled by Israel's third million of inhabitants?

The gradual change in Israel's whole economic structure has opened the way to a radical transformation of the Negev. Formerly the classic pioneer development activity in Israel was agriculture, carried out by *kalutzim* in collective settlements perched on rocky hills and in malarial marshes. But the Negev seemed too inhospitable even for the *kibbutzim*. Meantime, however, the existing farms and settlements reached the point of supplying all the nation's requirements in practically every agricultural product. The accent came to be placed increasingly on industry.

This gives the key to the economic expansion of the Negev. The pioneer role will not be played this time by the farming settlements, but by the industrial workers situated in the new townships of the Development Areas. For the abundance of capital that has become available with the swift growth of the economy and the increasing participation in pioneering tasks by the Jews of the Diaspora have made it practical and profitable to open up the mineral resources of the Negev on a much larger scale.

All the materials available — potash, bromine, magnesium, phosphates — are being exploited simultaneously. Every possibility of combining different materials and processing them in Israel is tackled. A series of factories have sprung up and are multiplying in Sdom, Oron, Beersheba and Dimona, to develop a large chemical and fertilizer industry. Government policy in addition has pressed into the Development Areas industries such as textiles and diamonds that can use the manpower which was housed in those towns at the time when all that seemed to await the immigrants located there was unemployment. It is now a race between Ashdod and Eilat as to which of the two youthful port towns will grow more rapidly to meet the urgent needs of the Negev for outlets to both East and West.

The redemption of Israel's southern region, extending right up to the Lachish Zone — which is today celebrating its fifth birthday — will be the crowning achievement of the great wave of immigrants that came to Israel after the proclamation of independence, mainly from the countries of Africa and Asia. The townships which they created, such as Kiryat Gat, Shderot, Kiryat Malachi, in the area of Lachish, and Kiryat Yeruham, Oron, Mitzpeh Ramon and Dimona, in the Negev, not to speak of those in Upper Galilee, had presented an aspect so forbidding that not many of the old-time settlers were prepared to move out with them into this wilderness.

It is now only a matter of time before Israel's most recent pioneer urban outposts become thriving cities, centres of wealth and industrial activity. The Negev has reached its take-off point. Israel's most rapid development will now be focussed in the south. It seems that the measurable future may yet see the fulfilment of Mr. Ben-Gurion's vision — described in practical terms by the Minister of Commerce, Mr. Sapir, at Eilat yesterday. The men who toil on the banks of the Dead Sea and in the mines of Oron will be able at last to tell with pride how they made this desert into a flourishing area.

Afghan King in Syria

DAMASCUS (Reuter).—King Mohammed Zahir of Afghanistan, who is on a state visit to the UAR, arrived here by air from Cairo yesterday for a one-day visit.

End of Lavon Affair Seen As Temporary

Jerusalem Post Political Correspondent

The "Lavon Affair" is over — for the time being. The mutual recriminations which have sundered Mapai for the past four weeks ended, temporarily at least, with Mr. Lavon's announcement to the press yesterday that he has accepted Mr. Sharett's statement as absolving him of any responsibility for the "security mishap."

However, a renewal of open conflict, not directly connected with the "mishap" issue, may be expected following Prime Minister Ben-Gurion's promised reply next Monday to aspersions cast upon the integrity of the armed forces. (See Page 3).

Political activity within Mapai, and between Mapai and its coalition partners, shifted yesterday to negotiations on the compromise proposal to appoint a special Ministerial Committee, which would deal with all aspects concerning responsibility for the "mishap."

The Mapam Secretariat yesterday resolved that Mr. Lavon's rehabilitation notwithstanding, they would press for the continuation of the Knesset Committee's dealing with the "Affair." If Mr. Lavon considers the matter closed, a spokesman for Mapam told *The Jerusalem Post*, it is his own affair. The public would think that something is being kept from it if the Committee stops its proceedings, he said.

Inter-Party Meetings

A special Mapai committee of four, comprising Messrs. L. Eshkol, M. Dayan, Y. Almogi and A. Govrin, met yesterday separately with delegations of Mapam, Ahadut Ha'avoda and the National Religious Party to clarify their respective positions on the Ministerial Committee compromise that is similar to the Progressive Party's proposals for solving the issue of the future inquiry.

Ahdut Ha'avoda and the N.R.P. are understood to support the appointment of the Ministerial Committee on the assumption that the Knesset Committee will continue to deal with the broader aspects of relations within the defence establishment.

Mapam at the same time has taken a more extreme stand by stating that the Knesset Committee was the authorized body to deal with all questions. On matters of special secrecy, it proposed that the Knesset Committee should appoint a sub-committee, including all parties, that would have access to all secret material concerning the "mishap."

Although no definite conclusions were reached yesterday and Coalition consultations are expected to continue until Sunday, it can be assumed that the Ministerial Committee proposal will be approved by the majority of the Cabinet against Mr. Ben-Gurion's wish. His suggestion for appointment of a new inquiry commission is to be referred to the Ministerial Committee, but this decision is not likely to cause a Cabinet crisis since the Prime Minister is understood not to be threatening to resign over this issue.

Mr. Lavon himself said yesterday he considers the "Lavon Affair" closed from the "moral and public points of view." In a statement which Mr. Lavon gave to several newspapers he said:

"I had had just one demand all the time: to establish, on the basis of the new data, that I bear no responsibility (for the 1955 'security mishap'). With the announcement of former Prime Minister Moshe Sharett, following the bringing to light of the new facts, I consider the affair — which has been dubbed the Lavon Affair — closed from the moral and public points of view."

Asked to explain his earlier statement that Mr. Sharett's announcement "under normal circumstances should and could have served as a basis for ending the argument about the responsibility for" the mishap, Mr. Lavon told "Davar":

"After studying carefully the Attorney-General's opinion (on the findings of the Cohn Committee), and after the announcement of former Prime Minister Moshe Sharett which followed the bringing to light of the facts by the Cohn Committee, I have reached the conclusion that there are no grounds for further investigation into the question of my responsibility..."

Sharett 'Confirms'

Mr. Lavon added that Mr. Sharett's announcement "confirms what I have been contending over the years. Moshe Sharett (who was Prime Minister at the time of the mishap, when Mr. Lavon was Defence Minister) is the only person able and competent to give responsible comment in this matter."

Asked to comment on the branding of the affair in certain quarters as a "Dreyfus-affair," Mr. Lavon said he thought the designation was "unsuitable" to the unfortunate incident in question. One must altogether not make mechanical comparisons between various incidents."

He did not consider the Army a party to the affair, he said when asked to comment on statements attributed to him that certain Army officers had been inciting public opinion against him.

"I have repeatedly said that I was not referring to the Army," Mr. Lavon declared, "but to certain staff members of the Defence Ministry — who include also an officer or two. On the contrary, I have stressed all the while that I do not accuse the Army — which is busy doing its own job, and I do not consider the Army a party to any part of this affair."

Peres Explains Officer's Order

Jerusalem Post Political Correspondent

The Deputy Minister of Defence, Mr. Shimon Peres, yesterday told the Knesset Foreign Affairs and Security Committee that the Minister of Defence is authorized to issue an order to an officer even not through the Chief of Staff.

Continuing his testimony before the Committee for the third time, Mr. Peres again replied to numerous questions concerning developments following the Oshan-Dori inquiry and working relations in the defence establishment.

These were put to him this time by Messrs. I. Bar-Yehuda (Ahdut Ha'avoda), H. Landau (Herut) and E. Rimalt (G.Z.) The Committee is to meet in Tel Aviv today when Mr. Peres is expected to conclude his testimony with replies to question by Dr. Y. Bader (Herut).

Mr. Peres reiterated at the same time that nobody who was connected with the "Affair" had met with the senior officer before he returned to Israel to testify before the Cohn Inquiry Committee, and that also no material had been sent to him.

Refers to Minister

One of the questions concerned the investigations that had apparently been carried out in the Defence Ministry during the years 1955-60 on the "mishap," but Mr. Peres declined to reply on this issue and said that the query should be directed to the Minister of Defence.

At the end of yesterday's meeting, some procedural questions were raised on the Committee's future work. Mr. Y. Rafael (N.R.P.) proposed the appointment of a sub-committee to decide on this issue, but the proposal was not accepted.

The Knesset Speaker, Mr. Kadish Luz, who was present at the entire Committee session, participated for the first time in the discussion and pointed to the Knesset regulations concerning the work of the Committee. Under these regulations the Comittee cannot carry out a special investigation without Knesset authorization.

Mr. Meir Argov, who returned on Tuesday from his Latin-American tour, is to be Chairman of today's meeting and will swear all new Committee members to secrecy.

C'ttee Urged To Protest Remarks

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

Dr. Yohanan Bader (Herut) proposed yesterday in the Foreign Affairs and Security Committee that the Committee protest the remarks made about it by Mr. Akiva Govrin and Mr. Zalman Aranne in their speeches in the Knesset on Tuesday.

The Herut leader told parliamentary reporters that he had informed the Committee that he intended to make his proposal public. The Acting Chairman of the Committee, Mr. Herzl Berger, made no comment, even though Dr. Bader asked him specifically whether he had any objection. (Later Dr. Bader said he would have told the press in any case, in view of the precedent established by Mr. Ben-Gurion and Mr. Peres.)

He considered hypocritical the general accusations made against Committee members for leaking information to newspapers — after all sorts of statements had been given to the press "by the Prime Minister, circles of the Prime Minister's Office, and circles of the Ministry of Defence."

And in view of the fact that the list of questions addressed to Mr. Lavon which the Prime Minister submitted to the Committee was revealed to the press even before Mr. Lavon received it, it was "a particular kind of hypocrisy" to complain later that Mr. Lavon's replies had not been kept secret.

Dr. Bader told reporters that he had been promised that his motion would be discussed at a forthcoming committee session.

It is understood that Mr. Ya'acov Hazan (Mapam) also criticized the attacks on the Committee.

Fighting In North Laos Is Renewed

VIENTIANE (Reuter). — Renewed fighting has broken out in the north-eastern Laos province of Phongsaly between Government forces and pro-Communist Pathet Lao guerrillas, Army sources said here on Wednesday.

The sources said it was expected Pathet Lao would launch a drive to retake the province — which they occupied from 1954 to 1957 — and possibly the province would fall in a matter of days.

Phongsaly, the northernmost Laotian province, borders China and North Vietnam. It was nominally loyal to the neutralist Government of Prince Souvanna Phouma.

Yesterday, the first Soviet Ambassador, Mr. Alexander Abramov, presented his credentials to King Srisang Wattana. Mr. Abramov, former Ambassador to Israel, is also accredited to the court of Cambodia.

Lavon Emphasizes Afro-Asian Role

TEL AVIV.— The Secretary-General of the Histadrut, Mr. Pinhas Lavon, speaking at the opening of the first Afro-Asian Institute on Cooperation, said that the process of liberation on the African and Asian continents is the greatest single development now confronting the world — greater even than the hydrogen bomb and space flights.

Forty Government officials, trade union leaders and heads of cooperative movements from 15 Asian and African countries have enrolled in the Histadrut-sponsored institute's first class.

Ridiculing charges of "Israel imperialism," Mr. Lavon said that Israel's only objective was to establish an "empire of the spirit" — a united body of people working together for a common goal.

Warning trade-unionists of the new states against making the same mistakes as have been made by veteran trade unions, Mr. Lavon said that they must do everything in their power to prevent division between urban and rural workers. They must be united in one strong union, he said, which will see its own growth as inseparable from that growth of the nation.

The Director-General of the Foreign Ministry, Dr. Haim Yahil, spoke on behalf of the Government and Mrs. Yehudit Simhoni conveyed the good wishes of the Political Department of the Histadrut. *(Him)*

Meir on Way Home From New York

UNITED NATIONS (INA). — Foreign Minister Golda Meir, who has been heading Israel's delegation here since the General Assembly convened last month, suddenly cancelled all engagements and was due to return home yesterday. She had been scheduled to stay on for another week.

On Tuesday morning, Mrs. Meir conferred with Secretary-General Hammarskjold. While the visit to the U.N. chief was termed officially as a "courtesy farewell call," the Foreign Minister was believed to have discussed the Arab delegations' hostile attitude toward Israel.

Arab Versions of 'Affair'

By JESSE ZEL LURIE, Jerusalem Post Correspondent

NEW YORK. — "The New York Times" yesterday published on its front page an Arab version of the Lavon Affair to the effect that the "security mishap" was the Israel attack on Gaza on February 27, 1955, which revealed hitherto secret Israel rocket weapons.

The report was credited to Middle Eastern Diplomats in Washington and signed by Dana Adams Schmidt, one-time "Times" correspondent in Israel and now in the paper's Washington Bureau.

According to this version, which first appeared in the Jordan paper "A-Difa" a few weeks ago, the Israelis blew up the Egyptian Army Headquarters with a "type of rocket weapon the Egyptians had not seen before," and that this attack was responsible for Nasser's decision to seek arms from the Soviet Union.

Because of the Washington dateline, some observers speculated that this was the State Department's version of the Affair, but this is not likely, as the Department must know that the Gaza attack took place 10 days after Mr. Lavon's resignation.

Mr. Schmidt does quote U.S. diplomats as the authority for the statement that the Lavon Affair has become a "bitter power struggle" within Mapai, with Mr. Ben-Gurion pitted against Messrs. Lavon and Sharett. No supporting evidence is given for this assertion.

'Falastin' Bares 'Facts' About Lavon Affair

The "real facts" behind the "Lavon affair" were bared in a frontpage box item carried yesterday in "Falastin."

The Old City daily wrote: "While in charge of the Defence Ministry, Mr. Lavon discovered that a number of senior officers had formed a gang to steal foodstuffs from Army stores and sell it to merchants..."

"Falastin" explained further: "Mr. Lavon also found out that both Shimon Peres and Moshe Dayan were connected with this case, whereupon he dismissed the two. However, when Ben-Gurion retained them, Mr. Lavon decided to resign."

We deeply mourn the sudden death of our friend and director
LEON KAY, Detroit ז"ל
the great Zionist who did so much for Israel.
Management of Bank Fenduris Ltd. Israel.

El Salvador Coup Deposes President

SAN SALVADOR (AP). — President Jose Maria Lemus was overthrown on Wednesday, and a combined civilian-military junta has taken power.

Mr. Lemus went to Guatemala, accompanied by the Secretary-General of the Presidency, Major Adolfo Rubio Melhado.

The capital and the country are calm.

The junta moved against President Lemus at 2 o'clock in the morning.

The military members of the junta consist of Col. Miguel Angel Castillo, former Director of the General Telegraph Service, Col. Jesus Yanes and Major Alonso Rosales.

The civilian members are Fabio Castillo Fugueron, Rene Fortin Magana and Ricardo Falla Caceres.

Dissolve Bodies

Informed sources said the junta is expected shortly to issue a decree dissolving Congress and the supreme Court, and stating the reason for the overthrow of Mr. Lemus whose term was scheduled to expire on September 14, 1962.

The junta announced the following Cabinet appointments:—

Finance: Ricardo Arbizu Bosque; Interior: Alberto Escamilla, former Director-General of the Police; Defence: Luis Alonso Castillo Navarette; Foreign Affairs: Arnoldo Hirlemann.

Mr. Lemus has been subjected to strong criticism for stern police measures in putting down recent anti-Government riots at the university in San Salvador. The university was shut down for a time in protest against what the faculty called police brutality.

Venezuelan Leftist Plot Said Crushed

CARACAS (AP). — President Romulo Betancourt, backed by the armed forces, claimed on Wednesday to have crushed efforts by extreme leftists to upset his regime.

The Venezuelan capital was quiet but tense after 36 hours of almost continual turmoil. The Army moved against leftist groups throughout the city. One man was killed, 36 were wounded, 69 were jailed and 16 automobiles were destroyed.

Yesterday, three persons were shot dead in Caracas and eight others were wounded by snipers who continued violent demonstrations against the government for the seventh day.

President Betancourt blamed the disorders on "those who are trying to impose Cuban methods" in Venezuela.

Reich Party Gains In Local Election

BONN (INA). — The neo-Nazi German Reich Party quadrupled its seats in Municipal district Parliaments in the Rhineland-Pfalz Province in last Sunday's elections, according to figures released yesterday.

The party, which campaigned on an openly anti-Semitic platform in the final weeks of the election, won 16 seats as compared with the four it gained in the 1956 election. It obtained 19,474 votes, or 1.1 per cent of the total, compared with 6,664 votes or 0.3 per cent in 1956.

First Germans In France For Army Training

PARIS. — Two hundred West German soldiers — advance party of 2,400 paratroops and armoured infantry who are to train on French soil from next week—rolled into France yesterday.

They are the first German troops to enter France since World War II apart from NATO Headquarters staff.

The training programme was set up in a Franco-West German agreement signed on Tuesday night.

The Germans, moving west across the Saar border, came to arrange with French officers for the housing and care of the German soldiers of the 51st and 53rd Armoured Infantry Battalions and the 25th and 26th Parachute Battalions. The four Bundeswehr battalions are due in the Sissonne and Mourmelon camps next Thursday for a three-week training period.

The spearheads were preceded by some heavy armoured equipment which went through the Metz area aboard railroad cars, and by a small advance liaison group which motored towards Mourmelon near Chalons-sur-Marne, and Bissonne, near Laon, in a convoy of jeeps earlier in the day.

The Communist newspaper "Humanite" vigorously denounced the reappearance of German soldiers on French soil. Other newspapers were not enthusiastic, but they seemed to accept the development as an inevitable part of Western solidarity.

In Bonn, the troops to go to France were issued with an order of the day reminding them to act there with restraint. It was pointed out they would train in an area "where heavy fighting caused loss of life and personal sacrifice to the civilian population in the two last wars." A spokesman said the movements of the troops in off-duty hours would be restricted. *(A.P., Reuter)*

French Poet, Perse, Wins Nobel Prize

STOCKHOLM (AP).—French poet Saint-John Perse has been awarded the Nobel Prize for Literature. The citation of the Swedish Academy of Letters said the $43,627 annual prize went to the 73-year-old former diplomat for "the soaring flight and the evocative imagery of his poetry which in a visionary fashion reflects the conditions of our time."

Saint-John Perse has been hailed as the greatest living French poet.

He started his career in the French Foreign Service under his real name, Alexis Leger. Secretly he published "Eloges," "Amitie du Prince," "Anabase" and other poems between 1911 and 1924.

Then in 1925 he stopped publishing and banned all re-editions of his works.

At the same time he was named Political Director at the Foreign Ministry, then Ambassador, and Secretary-General of the Foreign Ministry.

But in 1940 the right-wing attacked him violently. Premier Paul Reynaud dismissed him and asked him to be Ambassador to the U.S. He refused, but went to the U.S. on his own. The Vichy Government stripped him of his French nationality.

In 1942 the poet finally broke an 18-year silence. The Chicago magazine "Poetry" published "Eli," a tribute to the French Resistance. Other works followed and Saint-John Perse became known.

Such men as Eliot, Claudel, Gide and Ungaretti recognized in him the greatest French poet alive. His works have been called realistic, a hymn to life and Promethean.

The Young Churchill To Be Filmed

LONDON (Reuter.—Sir Winston Churchill has signed a contract with a film company for the filming of his autobiographical book "My Early Life" and four volumes of "The World Crisis (1929-29)." It was announced here last night.

The contract is with Mr. Hugh French and Paramount Pictures; and the books will form the basis of a film depicting his early life.

Mobutu Submits to UN, Troops to Quit Capital

Show of Force in Katanga

LEOPOLDVILLE. — Col. Joseph Mobutu, and Mr. Justin Bomboko, head of Provisional Government of college graduates, on Wednesday agreed to withdraw Congolese troops from the capital and confine them to camp, a U.N. spokesman announced.

For several days the Congolese troops have terrorized civilians in the African quarter of the city.

The decision was reached after a meeting at U.N. headquarters between U.N. officials and the two Congolese leaders. The U.N. had summoned the two to the meeting.

A U.N. spokesman announced that the withdrawal order would be executed today. The U.N. officials at the meeting yesterday were Mr. Rajeshwar Dayal, Secretary-General Hammarskjold's special envoy, Gen. Carl von Horn, the U.N. military commander, and Gen. Indaghi Rikhye, the deputy commander.

Assures Cooperation

The U.N. officials said the present situation of "illegal and arbitrary action" on the part of Congolese troops and acts of violence could no longer be tolerated. They thus demanded the withdrawal of the Congolese soldiers. Col. Mobuto agreed to the demand, and assured the U.N. of full cooperation.

Ghana and Tunisian U.N. troops are to help maintain law and order in Leopoldville's African quarter after it has been evacuated by the Congolese troops.

A spokesman said the Congolese Army would be permitted to continue certain "security functions" in Leopoldville. This presumably meant that the Army guards at the residence of ex-Premier Patrice Lumumba, and at Leopoldville Radio will be allowed to remain.

U.N. Show of Force

In Elizabethville, Katanga, U.N. troops yesterday put on a show of force which sent Government officials scuttling back to the Presidential residence to report on the U.N. reply to the Government's threat to remove U.N. chief representative Ian Berendsen by military force.

Four truckloads of Moroccan commandos supported by a platoon of Swedes—all bristling with weapons — drove slowly through the streets of the city, preceded by a white jeep with a machinegun mounted on its hood.

The entire display lasted only about 10 minutes — but it was sufficient to cause one Ministry official to comment, "We may have to revise our ideas about getting rid of Berendsen by force."

(Reuter, A.P.)

Africans Support Mauritania Case

ABIDJAN, Ivory Coast (Reuter). — African leaders of the French Community ended a three-day conference here on Wednesday with a communique announcing unanimous agreement on a common attitude to the Algerian problem, the Congo and Moroccan claims on Mauritania.

The communique gave no details of the nature of their decisions on these subjects, except in the case of Mauritania, but said the leaders were unanimous on the best way to seek solutions to the problems involved.

Their attitude to the Moroccan claims on Mauritania was clearly indicated by congratulations from the conference to the Mauritanian Premier, M. Moktar Ould Daddah, on the accession of his country to independence next November 28, and by the pledge that all countries at the conference would support Mauritania's candidature to the U.N.

A further conference would be held in Brazzaville next December, and it was intended to hold further meetings at regular intervals. The conference was called by M. Felix Houphouet-Boigny, the Ivory Coast President, who presided over the deliberations.

Removal of U.N. Envoy Demanded

UNITED NATIONS (Reuter). — Senator C. Adoula, who is representing President Joseph Kasavubu of the Congo here, has called for the removal of Mr. Rajeshwar Dayal as the chief U.N. representative in the Congo.

He claimed there were many examples of "flagrant interference in our internal affairs" by U.N. personnel in general, and Mr. Dayal in particular."

The U.N. Budgetary Committee was told by Russia yesterday that "the Belgian colonialists" rather than U.N. members should bear the expenses of the U.N. Congo operation.

The Soviet delegate described the employment of staff as "one sided and discriminatory." While 2,000 technical assistance experts were recruited from the U.S. and other Western countries, only 40 came from Russia and 12 from other Socialist countries, he added.

'25,000 Chinese for Algeria'

PARIS (Reuter).—Communist China is training 25,000 "volunteers" to fight against the French in Algeria at camps in the Chinese island of Hainan and in Fukien Province, M. Pascal Arrighi, a rightwing member of the National Assembly for Corsica, said in an article published in yesterday's rightwing "Journal du Parlement."

"These volunteers have no doubt not yet left China, but 300 Chinese specialists in subversive warfare have arrived in Algeria," he said.

Chinese Communists regularly leave for Paris and arrive here where they must be helping the leaders of the sectors of the FLN (insurgent organization) established in France," he added.

M. Arrighi estimated the amount of financial aid given by the Peking Government to the Algerian insurgents at 30,000m. old francs (about £25m.)

In Moscow, the newspaper "Izvestia" said yesterday the world's communist nations were prepared to lend material assistance — including military support — to Cuba and the Congo. It said such assistance would also be available to all countries of Asia, Africa and Latin America under similar circumstances.

Moskalenko Chosen Soviet Rocket Chief

MOSCOW (Reuter). — Marshal Kyril Moskalenko has been appointed as Commander in Chief of the Soviet Rocket Forces and Deputy Defence Minister, it was announced on Wednesday.

He succeeds Marshal Mitrofan Nedelin who was announced on Tuesday night as having been killed in an "air accident while in the course of duty." No other details of the accident were released.

Nedelin, 56, was one of Russia's top artillery experts. He came into the international limelight after the U-2 spy case last May, when Premier Khrushchev put him in charge of a new ballistic missile unit with authority to shoot down foreign aircraft over Russia and to strike at any base from which infringements of Soviet air space were made.

GOLD PRICE DOWN

LONDON (Reuter). — The price of gold on the London market slumped yesterday to its lowest level since a scramble to buy began a week ago.

The "gold bubble" did not completely burst, however, as the price at the close in the evening was still above the "official" U.S. figure of $35 a fine ounce.

The closing price was being quoted in the range of $34.95 and $34.75, against the maximum of $41 reached at one stage last week.

Blasts in Damascus Blamed on Jordan

DAMASCUS. — Three explosions shook Damascus on Tuesday night in what Syrian newspapers yesterday called attempts to blow up the main telephone exchange and the main railway station in the city. The press charged they were engineered by "saboteurs hired by Jordan's rulers."

There were no casualties or damage. The first blast occurred in front of the Hejaz railway building. It was soon followed by another explosion by the garden wall of the telephone building, and a third occurred in Marjeh Square.

The independent newspaper "Al Ayyam" commented that "criminal agents have chosen Damascus, the heart of Arabism — not Tel Aviv — as the target of their bombs."

(Reuter, A.P.)

Jordan Seeks U.S. Funds for Canal

AMMAN (AP). — Jordan has asked the U.S. Government to help finance the second stage of the East Ghor project, on the Syrian border, designed to irrigate 30,000 dunam of land at an estimated cost of $3.5m.

The first stage is to be completed next spring at an estimated cost of nearly $4m, contributed by the U.S. Government.

665 'Vagrants' Held In South Rhodesia

SALISBURY (Reuter). — Southern Rhodesian police have held 665 persons, mostly Africans, in their search for vagrants in six cities and towns since the Vagrancy Act came into force last Saturday.

All have been released except for 159 sent to rehabilitation centres.

The total number arrested included six whites, of whom one is a woman. More than half the total held were in Salisbury.

In Tomorrow's TWELVE-PAGE Issue of THE JERUSALEM POST

- Egg-Heads Throwing Off Their Yokes
  Richard Crossman's "A Nation Reborn" is reviewed by ABBA EBAN.
- Suddenly, One Morning
  The events of the bloody day in Baghdad when Kassem took over — reconstructed from eyewitness evidence.
- President Ben-Zvi Tells Story of Ben Asher Codex
  Millennial Aleppo Bible text was Maimonides' authority.
- Inside Kiryat Shmona's High School
  Development town problems in microcosm.
- Those Who Strengthen the Hands —From Across the Sea
  Pioneer Women delegation tells 35th anniversary here.
- Israel Vacations for U.S. Salesmen
  Package tours reward for leading air conditioning agents.
- Are Israelis Spendthrifts?
  Despite the statistics, the nation has not yet learned how to save.
- Banking Brighter
  Business is good and the bankers thank themselves for it.

PLUS ALL THE REGULAR WEEK-END FEATURES
ORDER YOUR COPY IN ADVANCE

TEL AVIV-YAFO MUNICIPALITY
Announcement
At the request of residents who did not manage to pay their tax arrears by Sept. 30, 1960, and taking the Holidays into consideration, the Municipality has decided to grant a last extension for payment of taxes without fine to all residents who settle their accounts by Oct. 28, 1960.
After this date there will be no further extension.
Payments are accepted at all collection branches of the Municipality and of all banks in the city.
To facilitate payment Tel Aviv tax collection offices will be open tomorrow, October 27, uninterruptedly till 6 p.m.
Mordecai Namir
MAYOR

Social & Personal

President Izhak Ben-Zvi yesterday received Mr. Dov Joseph, Treasurer of the Jewish Agency.

The President also received Mr. Henry Schultz, President of the B'nai B'rith Anti-Defamation League and Mrs. Schultz, and Mr. Yosef Hagit of the management of Mekorot.

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Chief Justice I. Olshan yesterday received Judge and Mrs. Samuel Epstein of Chicago.

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The Minister of Finance, Mr. Levi Eshkol, yesterday received Mr. Ernst Simke, Honorary Israel Consul-General in Manila.

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The Director-General of the Foreign Ministry and Mrs. Haim Yahil gave a dinner on Tuesday in honour of the new Danish Ambassador and Mrs. Birger Ove Kronmann. Among those present were the British Ambassador and Mrs. Patrick Francis Hancock, the Netherlands Chargé d'Affaires and Mrs. Jakob G.N. de Hoop Scheffer, Prof. and Mrs. Nathan Rotenstreich, Dr. Helena Kagan, and Mr. and Mrs. Ephraim Broido.

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The Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Jewish National Fund and Mrs. Ya'acov Tsur gave a reception at their home in Jerusalem in honour of Mr. Benjamin Swig, a San Francisco industrialist. Among those present were the Ministers of Commerce and Industry and Social Welfare, the Governor of the Bank of Israel, the Acting Chairmen of the Israel and American Sections of the Jewish Agency Executives, the Head of the Land Development Authority, the Head of Youth Aliya, and members of the Agency Executive.

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Visitors to Yad Vashem yesterday included the Acting Belgian Consul in Jerusalem and Mme. Pierre Brancart and the West German Ambassador to Austria, Mr. Carl H. Mueller-Graaf.

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Miss Edna Ferber, the American author, was guest at a luncheon given by Mr. Meyer Weisgal, Executive Chairman of the Weizmann Institute, at his home in Rehovot yesterday. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Dewey Stone, of Boston; Mrs. M. Klein; and Mr. Lou Boyar and his son, Marshall, of Los Angeles.

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Mr. and Mrs. Joel Goldblatt, of Chicago, visited the Hebrew University yesterday and were the guests of honour at a luncheon given by Mr. Bernard Cherrick, Executive Vice-Chairman of the Board of Governors.

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A posthumous exhibition of works by the painter P. Naton was opened at the Dizengoff Museum in Tel Aviv yesterday.

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Mr. Shalom Zysman will address the weekly luncheon meeting of the Tel Aviv-Jaffa Rotary Club today on "The Lessons of the Olympic Games."

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Dr. N. Wydra will speak on "Israel Shipping During the World Shipping Crisis" at the Haifa Maritime Club at 1.15 p.m. tomorrow.

Vast Chemical Industry For Negev—IL100m. Investment

By DAVID KRIVINE, Jerusalem Post Economic Reporter

The construction of a massive chemical industry involving an investment of IL100m. in the next four years has started in the Negev. Forty per cent of this investment is in foreign currency, and by the middle of the 'sixties exports should amount to $25m. annually.

This was revealed by Rav-Aluf Mordecai Makleff, General Manager of the Dead Sea Works, at a press conference in Jerusalem on Tuesday. Also present were Sir Ben Lockspeiser and Dr. George Wise, of the U.N. Technological Advisory Board.

Investment in the potash expansion programme will amount to IL40m. A Dutch firm is planning the construction of dykes having a total length of 50 kms. in order to close off an evaporation area of 100 square kilometres. These installations will make available total deposits of potash amounting to 900,000 tons a year, although the plan at the present stage is to increase output from 180,000 tons next year to a capacity of 600,000 tons at the end of the four-year period.

Reserves of potash in the Dead Sea are estimated at 2,000 million tons, so that they will last, in the words of Sir Ben, "for many generations." Annual world consumption is rising by a half million tons and, as no major expansion in potash output abroad is expected before 1962, world prices are rising. Israel is already feeding markets in five continents.

Rich Bromines

The Dead Sea is also the world's richest source of bromine. The importance of this chemical is increasing so rapidly that it will be difficult for Israel's exports to keep up with the expanding world demands. The Dead Sea Works plan at present to double output from 5,000 tons by the end of this year to 10,000 tons by the end of 1961. Six thousand tons of this will be processed into ethylene di-bromide (used for such purposes as insecticides and raising the octane content of petrol.) Another 2,000 tons will be delivered to a factory that will be constructed in Beersheba for the manufacture of ten different bromide products, including tetrabromithane, which is the first liquid that has been discovered to take the place of the inconvenient emulsions used in the past for the separation of minerals.

This factory will be established by a new company called Bromo-Compounds Ltd, owned jointly by Dead Sea Works (holding 50 per cent of the shares) and two foreign companies, one American and one British. Investment will be slightly more than IL1m., and sales will reach $2m. a year in 1962. The remaining 2,000 tons of bromines from the Dead Sea will be processed, probably at Sdom, into agricultural bromines and exported to African and Asian countries.

A larger investment is planned for the manufacture of 75,000 tons a year of magnesite, a refractory material used in the manufacture of bricks that are resistant to extremely high temperatures. A new firm has been established called the Dead Sea Magnesite Company. The share capital of IL5.5m. will be supplied, half by Dead Sea Works and half by two foreign companies — one of them perhaps the largest industrial enterprise in this field in the U.S. and the other a marketing concern. Total investment in the plant will be IL15m., of which $5.5m. is part of the loan that is being sought from the World Bank. The factory will be erected at Sdom, will take 2½ years to build, and will have an output of $4.5m. a year.

Plans Approved

The Dead Sea Works will in addition invest IL600,000 in a factory to produce annually 20,000 tons of table salt, three-quarters of it for export to Africa. The output capacity of the plant will eventually reach 80,000 tons.

These plans have been studied by the World Bank, by private Wall Street bankers, by the Technological Advisory Board and, most recently, by the eminent consulting firm of Arthur D. Little. Shares cannot be floated on the American stock exchange without a "duly diligent report" from a recognized and objective authority. Arthur D. Little has been in contact with every existing customer for Dead Sea Works exports, and has already indicated that the expansion programme meets with their approval.

The main features of this programme were outlined by Sir Ben, who said that Israel possesses all the necessary raw materials for producing chemical fertilisers. No other country in the world is in that situation — except Jordan. These materials are of prime quality except for the phosphate rock, which is not as pure as the deposits in Morocco or Florida, and needs to be up-graded.

On the other hand, if the new process invented by the late Dr. Yosef Aman for separating chlorine is effective, Israel will be in a position to use it to produce bromine more cheaply than any other country.

Thus, instead of exporting raw materials for processing elsewhere, Israel is using them to manufacture its own fertilizers for export. This has an advantage but presents a problem. The advantage is that a world market is assured for all the fertilizer that Israel can produce, since this commodity is one of the key weapons in the world's campaign against hunger.

The problem is the provision of skilled manpower. The four-year programme will increase the number of workers directly employed from 400 to 1,200. This is a small number relative to the scale of the investment, but it involves a high proportion of technicians, engineers and scientists. A major research programme has to accompany the development of Israel's chemical industry at every stage — and there will be further stages of expansion in the future.

Films of Festivals Succeed Abroad

A series of new Israel film shorts on the Jewish festivals was recently shown in several European countries and in the U.S. The films, made in colour by the independent Israel producer, Mr. Yehoshua Brandstatter, run for about 14 minutes each. Their themes are: *Pessach, Purim, Shavuot, Succot, Hanukka, and Tu Bishvat.*

Each short depicts the origins of the festival, the religious and historical background, and its national expression in Israel today. The *Pessah* film, for example, opens with shots of Israel in Springtime and the *Omer* ceremony. The scene changes to a family *seder* with parts of the *Hagaddah* read by the narrator. Then the film shows the route of the Exodus; pilgrims ascending Mount Zion; Israel youths climbing Massada.

Though originally made for Jewish groups, the films have been distributed widely among non-Jews. They have been sold to television stations in 10 European countries, and the *Succot* short was telecast in Switzerland, Holland, and Finland. Four shorts were shown last month at the Warsaw Jewish Club.

The films were exhibited in Paris to Unesco, and the Acting Chief of the Film Division suggested that the idea of a series on national festivals should be adopted by all nations.

Mr. Brandstatter hopes to make a Hebrew version for showing in Israel. He also plans similar films on festivals of Israel's minority communities.

Yael Dayan In Ghana and Liberia

ACCRA (Itim). — Yael Dayan, the Israel author, left for Liberia on Tuesday, to continue her world tour to gather material for a book on young intellectuals of the world. She spent two weeks in Ghana.

From Liberia she will continue to Senegal, Spain, the Far East and the U.S. The book is scheduled for publication in 1962.

Biblical Theatre Premiere Of 'Moses' in Jerusalem

Jerusalem Post Reporter

President Izhak Ben-Zvi will attend the première of the play "Moses," which will be presented at the Edison Theatre, in Jerusalem, next Monday as the first production of the new "Biblical Theatre in Jerusalem," the company's Artistic Director, Moshe Halevi, announced in Tel Aviv yesterday.

The play was written by the American Yiddish writer, Menahem Boraisha, and was translated into Hebrew by Shimshon Meltzer. The main roles will be played by Shimon Finkel of Habimah (Moses), Y. Gabai of Ohel (Aaron), Y. Kleinman (Joshua), Rahel Bat-Dor (Zippora), Y. Oxenberg (Pharaoh), and D. Shalem (Jethro). There will be an oriental choir of 25 voices and Rina Nikova's ballet group will perform to music specially composed by Marc Lavry. Costumes and sets were designed by Miron Sima and Yossi Stern. The production will cost IL25,000. The Biblical Theatre hopes to present plays with themes taken from the Bible. Arthur Miller has promised to write such a play and Elia Kazan is prepared to direct one.

University's Library Facilities for Public

A large part of the great library of the Hebrew University will be open to the public from next Tuesday, Dr. C.D. Wormann, the Library's Director, told *The Jerusalem Post* yesterday. The transfer from Terra Sancta to the campus will be effected by the end of this week, although the library building will not be fully completed for another year.

There will be a nominal charge (about 10 agorot a month for the use of the library's facilities. It has one-half million volumes in the lending section, 1,500 periodicals from all over the world in the reading room and a special section for Jewish Studies.

The choosing of books from the general library will be done from catalogues, but there will be free access to the 60,000 books in the general reading room — the Library's largest.

In December, reading rooms for Oriental Studies and U.N. publications will be opened. The music library, now in Rehov Balfour, the fine arts and MSS departments will be opened later.

PLANE. — Seven persons including a six-year-old child were killed in Central Sweden yesterday when a Swedish Air Force plane crashed into a house, setting it on fire. The pilot parachuted to safety.

David Greenglass Earns Early Release

WASHINGTON (Reuter). — David Greenglass, 38-year-old brother of Ethel Rosenberg who was executed in 1953 for atom-spying for the Soviet Union, will be released from prison on November 16, the Justice Department has announced.

Greenglass was convicted of conspiring with Julius and Ethel Rosenberg to steal atomic secrets for the Soviet Union and was sentenced to 15 years' imprisonment. He turned State's evidence against the Rosenbergs and was permitted to plead guilty to the lesser charge of conspiracy.

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Hathiya, Yeshayahu corner Geula, 23412.
TEL AVIV: Altman, 1 King George, 63791. Seidenwahr, 51 Ahad Ha'am, 63951. Bass, 68 Frishman, 24326. Baruch, Shechunat Hatikva, 22105. JAFFA: Vita, 61 Rehov 4, 82973. BAT-YAM: Hehalutz, 8 Hahalutzim. HOLON: Briut, 104 Sokolow. NATANYA: Natanya. PETAH TIKVA: Rasel, Rothschild-Herzl, 911408. REHOVOT: Levin Hanegev, 196 Herzl, 951245. HAIFA: Hamisrach, 87 Herzl, 3211.

EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS

JERUSALEM: Dr. Reisel, 43 Derech Hevron, 22290. Dr. Zapler, Mahane Allenby, 28/B, Me'on Akademaim. Dr. Shor, 45 Rashi.

TEL AVIV: Dr. Eisen, 5 Shimshon, 20748. Dr. Garman, 25 Frishman, corner 30 Syrkin. Dr. Weiss, 73 Dizengoff, 27027. Dr. Mahler, 59 Arlosoroff, 51300. Dr. Simon, 43 Keren Kayemet.
HAIFA: Dr. Sherman, 2 Rehov Hanevi'im, 2456.

LYDDA FLIGHTS

THURSDAY

All Times Local Time

ARRIVALS: El Al 102 from Johannesburg — 0600. B.O.A.C. 302 from Teheran—1320. T.W.A. 800 from Chicago, New York, Paris, Rome and Athens—1825 KLM 525 from Amsterdam and Rome —1835. El Al 206 from New York, Paris and Rome — 1840. B.E.A. 126 from London, Rome and Athens — 2055. Air France 137 from Teheran 2130. Cyprus Air 22 from London, Rome Istanbul, Ankara and Nicosia 2325. El Al 426 from London and Zurich — 0155 (Friday).

DEPARTURES: Sabena 528 to Athens, Vienna and Brussels — 0520. Swissair 331 to Athens, Geneva and Zurich — 0700. El Al 425 to Zurich and London — 0830. Alitalia 451 to Rome — 0910. Olympic 603 to Athens — 0930. B.O.A.C. 303 to Geneva and London — 1405. El Al 207 to Athens, Paris and New York — 1530. Cyprus Air 07 to Nicosia, Athens, Munich and London — 2210. Air France 137 to Rome and Paris 2250.

LAW REPORT	The Jerusalem Post October 27, 1960

In the Supreme Court in Jerusalem

Before the Deputy President, Justice Agranat, in Chambers
Chaim Langberg, Applicant, v. Chaim Frank, Respondent (F.H. 15/60).

"Just" Cannot Be Interpreted as Inseparable from "Charity and Compassion" in Section 37 of the Tenants Protection Law

The Deputy President of the Supreme Court dismissed an application for a further hearing of a case (C.A. 497/59) already decided by the Supreme Court on July 13, 1960 (see Law Report of August 21).

In an action for eviction brought by Mr. Frank against Mr. Langberg, the Supreme Court, contrary to the Magistrate's and District Courts, held that the fact that the latter had sold certain goods in his shop, contrary to the terms of his lease, was sufficient cause for eviction. The Supreme Court also held — once again contrary to the courts of lower instance — that Mr. Langberg was not entitled to any protection because of considerations of justice under section 37 of the Tenants' Protection Law, 1955, and that he should vacate the premises in question within one year.

Mr. Langberg applied to the President of the Supreme Court for a further hearing, his Counsel arguing that in terms of section 37, a court of appeal may consider whether it is just to grant an eviction order only if the trial court had found a cause for eviction and had refused to grant the tenant a remedy based on justice; he argued that in any case the Supreme Court had not been entitled to enter into the merits of whether to grant this remedy or not as this power is given only to the court of second instance. He argued finally that the word "just" in section 37 should be interpreted in the light of the ethical concepts of the prophets of Israel and that it was therefore inseparable from "charity and pity" towards the tenant.

Section 37 of the Tenants Protection Law, 1955, provides that: (a) Notwithstanding the existence of a ground for eviction, the Court may refuse to give a judgment for eviction if it is satisfied that in the circumstances of the case it would not be just so to do. (b) Where a judgment on a claim for eviction has been given and an appeal has been filed, the court of appeal may again consider whether it is just to give the judgment."

Mr. S. Fishelev appeared for the applicant.

Decision

Justice Agranat, in dismissing the applicant's first two arguments out of hand, said that the provisions of section 37 are sufficiently wide to preclude any chance of their succeeding in a further hearing, if one were to be granted.

Turning next to the last argument concerning the ethical concept of "just" in section 37, he said that, if it was Mr. Fishelev's intention to assert that the "justice" is completely identical with "charity and compassion," then the argument was doomed to failure in any further hearing, for it was not only incompatible with the principles which had become firmly rooted in our jurisprudence since the enactment of section 37, but would also frustrate any possibility of ever giving a landlord an eviction order, since this is always a harsh decision which invariably turns the tenant against whom it is aimed into an object of pity and compassion.

On the other hand, continued Justice Agranat, he was prepared to agree — at least for purposes of the present application — that the legislator had intended empowering the courts to give due consideration to the hardship which would be caused to the tenant and to refrain under certain circumstances from giving the landlord an eviction order even though there might be sufficient grounds to justify such an order from a technical legal viewpoint. In this connection, therefore, the expression 'just' in section 37 also contains the elements of charity and compassion. This does not mean, however, that the charity and compassion should operate wholly and solely to the benefit of the tenant and that in no circumstances may the landlord be entitled to gain from such considerations.

An examination of the present case, went on Justice Agranat, reveals that the Supreme Court had weighed the conduct and interests of the rival parties in the balance of justice and had found that the respondent's blameless conduct, compared to the applicant's deliberate scorn of the law and of his landlord's rights over the course of many years, weighed the scales in the landlord's favour. In the circumstances, therefore, he held, he saw no chances of the applicant succeeding in a further hearing, even if it were to be accepted that the remedy provided in section 37 is based wholly, on considerations of charity and pity — which argument, he said, is untenable in any case.

In conclusion, Justice Agranat considered the applicant's complaint that he had been given no opportunity by the Supreme Court to present his arguments as to why he was entitled to benefit from a remedy based on justice. If it had been possible to give the applicant leave to appeal against the judgment of the Supreme Court, he said, he would have regarded the applicant's complaint as being a good cause for granting such leave. But as the institution of further hearings is not synonymous with a court of cassation and as the applicant's complaint does not raise any question of law which is novel, important or difficult, it was not within his province, to grant him any remedy.

Application for a further hearing dismissed. Decision given on September 30, 1960.

CINEMAS

JERUSALEM
3.30, 6.45, 9.45

CHEN: The F.B.I. Story.
EDEN: The Gazebo
EDISON: Casbah
HABIRAH: La Chatte Sort Ses Griffes
OR GIL: A Hole in the Head
ORION: Conspiracy of Hearts
ORNA: Leave Her to Heaven
RON: Hercules Unchained
SEMADAR: Poveri Ma Belli (7, 9 p.m.)
STUDIO: Look Back in Anger
TEL OR: Expresso Bongo
ZION HALL: Cinderella et les Gangsters

TEL AVIV
3.30, 7.15, 9.15

ALLENBY: They Came to Cordura
ARMON DAVID: Blazing Sands
BEN YEHUDA: Mi Ultimo Tango
CHEN: Bildnis Einer Unbekannten
EDEN: Love and Pleasure
ESTHER: Please Don't Eat the Daisies
GAT: Pimpernel Smith
HOD: La Generale della Rovere
MAXIM: Family Secret
MIGDALOR: Hagi Murad
MOGRABI: Song Without End
OPHIR: Five Branded Women
ORION: A Summer Place
PARIS: White Nights
PEER: Ashes and Diamonds
RAMAT GAN: The Square Peg. Imitation of Life (Mats. 4)
SDEROT: Il Bell' Antonio (7.45, 9.45)
TAMAR: Revolt in the Women's Prison (Mats. cont. from 10 a.m.)
TCHELET: The African Lion
TEL AVIV: The Story of Ruth
YARON: The Apartment
ZAFON: Sapphire
ZAMIR: Non cantare Baciami

HAIFA

AMPHITHEATRE: Le Triporteur
ARMON: Ballad of a Soldier
ATZMON: The Last Voyage
EN DOR: Villa!
GAL OR: Gunsmoke in Tucson
MAY: Operation Petticoat
MIRON: Blazing Sands
MORIAH: Carry On, Teacher
OZAH: Ewa Chce Spac
ORION: Detournement de Mineures
ORLY: Les Tricheurs
PEER: S.O.S. Pacific
TAMAR: Die Prinzessin Und Ihr Adjutant

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ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME
522, 368.4, 340 & 220 M.

News: Hebrew: 6.05, 7.00 and 7.58 a.m., 1.30, 5.00, 7.00, 9.00 and 10.00 p.m.

English: 2.00 p.m. French: 2.15 p.m.

6.00 a.m. Religious Service (R). 6.30 Exercises. 6.40 Musical Clock. 6.58 Announcements. 7.17 Morning Melodies. 8.00 Close Down.

11.00 a.m. Popular Concert: Smetana: "Hakon Jarl," Symphonic Poem; Conius: Violin Concerto in E-minor; Korngold: Suite "Much ado about Nothing"; Debussy-Ravel: Dance. 12.00 Women's Programme. 12.30 Feodor Chaliapine (Bass): Glinka: Excerpts from "Russian & Ludmilla"; Moussorgsky: Excerpts from "Boris Godounov." 1.00 Lunchtime Music. 1.45 Where to Go? 2.30 Close Down.

4.00 Special Programme for Tourists. 5.05 Programme Announcements on Commercial wavelength. 5.06 Popular Concert: Borodin: Overture "Prince Igor"; Catalani: Prelude from "La Valli"; Puccini: Selection from "Tosca", Act Two; Mascagni: Intermezzo; Gounod: March from "Faust". 5.45 Children's Corner. 6.00 "Youth Corner." 6.30 The Weekly Summary of the Daily Mishna Reading, by Dr. Y. Moriel. 6.45 Musical Interlude. 6.50 Sports. 7.20 "The Week at the Knesset." 7.50 "For Your Health." 8.00 "Entertainment Platform." 8.50 Bible Reading: Shoftim, Chaps. 5 & 6. 9.15 Newsreel. 9.30 "Once Upon a Time." 10.00 Piano Recital by Ada Pincsuk-Hayman: Haydn: Sonata in E-flat major; Schubert: Impromptu and Theme with Variations. 10.30 "Disco Parade." 11.10 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME
460, 297.7, 422 & 28.3 M.

Commercial Programme: 5.00 News. 5.05 Opening Announcements. 5.06 Melodies. 5.35 Oriental Songs. 6.00 Weather Forecast. 6.04 Jazz. 6.15 Hebrew Songs. 6.30 The Adventures of Ellery Queen. Sketch. 6.45 "Star of the Evening." 7.00 Close Down.

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR: 7.00 French. 7.30 Yiddish. 8.00 Mograbit. 8.15 News in Easy Hebrew. 8.30 Ladino. 9.00 News in English. 9.15 Polish. 9.30 Rumanian. 9.45 Hungarian. 10.00 Hebrew Writers' Touring Impressions. 10.45 Faure: Cello Sonata, played by Michael Harrison (Cello) and Edna Gali (Piano). 11.00 News. 11.10 Close Down.

ARABIC PROGRAMME
407 & 47.1 M.

Arabic Programme (including News): 6.30-7.15 a.m. 1.15-2.15. 5.30-11.15 p.m.

KOL YISRAEL LAGOLA (25.3 M.): Programme to the U.K.: 10.15 News. 10.25 "Editorial Opinion." 10.35 Easy Hebrew Conversation.

Programme to South Africa: 6.45 News. 6.55 Editorial Opinion. 7.05 Afrikaans Programme.

ARMY PROGRAMME (216, 225 and 235 M.): 6.00 Opening. 6.03 Request Programme. 6.40 Songs. 7.00 News. 7.10 Worth Listening To. 7.30 Bow and Arrow. 8.00 Songs & Melodies. 8.30 "Army Diary." 8.45 Nations' Songs. 9.00 News. 9.15 Merry Rhythm. 9.30 Excerpts from Operas. 10.00 Dance Music. 10.50 Close Down.

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS: (25.12, 13.93, 19.46 & 16.96 M.): 7.15-7.45 p.m. News. News Comment. Actualities.

MUSIC U.S.A. VOICE OF AMERICA—English Programme: 5.00 and 6.00 a.m. News. U.N. in Action on 25 and 31 M. 7.00 News. Opinion Today on 25 and 31 M. 8.00 News, News Analysis. Report to Europe on 21, 41, 49 M. and 238 K. 9.00 and 10.00 News. Opinion Today on 13, 19 and 31 M. 3.00 p.m. News. Report to South Asia on 11, 13 and 13 M. 4.00 News. News Analysis. New Horizons in Science on 11, 13, 19, 25 and 31 M. 5.00 News. News Analysis. Report to Middle East on 19, 25 & 31 M. 6.00 News. News Horizons in Science on 11, 19, 25, 31 and 41 M. 7.00 News. Report to Middle East on 13, 25 and 31 M. 7.30 Listeners Log on 13, 25 and 31 M. 8.00 News. Report to Africa on 25 M. 8.30 Forum on 25 M. 9.00 and 10.00 News in Special English Music USA on 25 M. 11.00 News. News Analysis. Press Opinion USA on 25, 31, 41 M. and 238 K. 11.30 Forum on 25, 31, 41 M. and 238 K. 12.00 News. News Analysis. Press Opinion USA on 25, 31, 41 M. & 238 K.

CYPRUS BROADCASTING CORPORATION — English Programme (434 & 495 M.) News: 7.30 a.m., 2.00, 7.00, 11.00 p.m. 7.45 a.m. The Coca Cola Programme. 8.00 Melodies & Memories. 8.30 Popular Light Orchestra. 9.00 Miniature Concert. 9.30 Emergency. 9.45 Piano Playtime. 10.00 Felix King. 10.30 B.B.C. Bandstand. 11.00 The Final Year. 11.15 Light Music. 11.30 Teller of Tales. 12.00 Midday Melodies. 2.15 p.m. "The Name is Shane." 8.30 "Yours Sincerely." 6.45 The Lanitis Programme. 7.05 Strange Stories of the Sea. 8.15 Vera Lengyel (Piano). 10.00 Vanished Without Trace. 10.15 Stars of Song. 10.30 Danger Point.

Where to go

JERUSALEM

• Tours: — Spend a morning with Hadassah on a conducted tour starting 9 a.m. Book for this tour by phoning 24081, Hadassah Club, Straus Health Centre.

Hebrew University: Conducted tour in English, at 11 a.m. daily. Downstairs Lobby, Wise Auditorium, University Campus.

Yad Vashem: Martyrs and Heroes Memorial Authority, Har Hazikaron. Conducted tour (English) of the buildings and exhibition, 10-11.30, 4-6.

• Film shows: — Israel films — daily showings. Keren Hayesod Hall, 12-1 p.m.

• Exhibitions: — Jerusalem Artists House with Municipality Dept. of Education and Culture: An exhibition of hand prints, 10-1; 4-7.

Fima — Exhibition of oils and gouaches 1956-60, Rina Gallery, 13 Rehov Shlomzion Hamalka, Tel. 23588. 9-1; 4-7; 9-11.30.

Safrai Art Gallery, 21 Jaffa Rd. Tel. 24087. Paintings by Dedy, Fima, Rakia, Raphaeli, Yossi Stern, Dror, Blum, Ashheim, Jona Mach, Ruth Schlossberg. Purchases mailed upon request. 9-1; 3-7.

"Israel Today", permanent exhibition, Binyanei Ha'ooma, 10-1; 4-6.

• Bezalel National Museum: — Permanent exhibition of Jewish Ceremonial Art. Archaeological objects African Art — from the Collection of Mr. Samuel Dubiner. Jewish Textiles — from the Museum's collection. German prints of the 16th century — from the Museum's Collection, 9-1; 3.30-5.

Bezalel Art Library: Books on primitive modern painting (from Henri Rousseau to Camille Bombois). New acquisitions. 9-1; 3.30-6.

Archaeological Museum, Department of Antiquities, 35 Rehov Shlomo Hamelech. New exhibitions: colour plates of UNESCO books, "Israel — Ancient mosaics." New coin board of Alexander. Excavations at Tel Zor, Mesad Hashavyahu. Pottery brought from Lake Tiberias by the Link expedition. Also permanent exhibition of antiquities. 9-1; 3-5.

• Zoo: — Jerusalem Biblical Zoo: 8-5.30.

TEL AVIV

• Theatre: — Cameri: "Counts and Beggars," 5 p.m., Youth performance.

• Paris Ice Ballet: — Kikar Hamedina, 5 p.m. — Special performance for Tel Aviv Workers' Council. 8.30 — for general public.

• Netherlands Dance Theatre: — Ohel, 8.30.

• Dine and Dance: — Dolphin Bar, 16 Sholem Aleichem. Exquisite cuisine. Dancing nightly. Recommended to Tourists. Tel. 22978.

• Z.O.A. House: — Chopin Evening—Ryszard Bakst (Poland), 8.30 p.m.

• Tours: — Bar Ilan University: conducted tours (9-5 daily, except Saturdays and holidays). Tel. 72880.

• Tourist Service: — Visit Hadassah Club, 90 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 22330.

Wizo Club, 91 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 26668, 8 a.m.-3 p.m.

• Zoological Gardens: — Open 8 a.m.—6 p.m. daily.

• Exhibitions: —

• Museum Haaretz: — Ancient Glass Exhibition (near Ramat Aviv), 10-5.

• Tel Aviv Museum: — Dizengoff House: — Avraham Naton Memorial Exhibition, examples from all periods of his paintings. Opening 5 p.m.

Helena Rubinstein Pavilion, E. Sigard, paintings and gouaches. From the collection of Israel art, 10-1; 4-7.

Israel Painters and Sculptors Association; New Members' Exhibition, Artists Pavilion, 9 Rehov Alharizi, 10-1; 4-7.

HAIFA

• Theatre: — Cameri: "Two for a Seesaw," Armon.

• Tourist Centre: — Hadassah Club, Youth Aliya Offices, 32 Hehalutz, Tel. 4676, 67985.

• Exhibitions: — One-man show — Erich Glas, Chagall House, 24 Sderot U.N.O.; 10-1; 4-7. Closing tonight.

Museum of Japanese Art, 89 Sderot Hanassi. New special Loan Exhibition from Japan, Hokusai and the 35 Views of Mt. Fuji, 10-1, 4-7.

BEERSHEBA

• Where to Dine: — Eat well and in comfort at the air-conditioned Beit Ha'am Restaurant, Sheber Community Centre.

RAANANA

• Theatre: — Habimah: "Threepenny Opera."

RAMAT GAN

• Yiddish Theatre: — S. Dzigan in "Frisch, Gesund und Meshugga."

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Today's Postbag

The Weather

Forecast: Warm and dry over the hill regions and inside the country. Sultry over the coastal strip.

Weather Synopsis: A Barometric trough extending from the Sudan to the entrance of the Mediterranean is causing easterly flow of warm air from the desert.

	A	B	C
Mt. Cana'an	54	20—30	20—30
Tiberias	—	22—36	22—35
Haifa Port	67	19—34	19—33
Natanya	43	16—31	16—31
T.A. Kirya	46	14—30	15—30
T.A. Port	73	16—28	16—28
Lydda Airp.	49	11—34	11—34
Jerusalem	5	22—30	22—30
Beersheba	6	16—31	16—34
Eilat	11	20—38	20—38

A) Humidity at 8 p.m. B) Yesterday's Temperature range. C) Today's Temperature forecast.

ARRIVALS

Mr. Yehoshua Levi, Histadrut Treasurer, after visiting the U.S. on behalf of the Histadrut Campaign (by El Al).

Mr. Louis Boyar, of Los Angeles, and his son, Marshall, to attend the dedication ceremony of the Mae Boyar Organic Chemistry and Physics Building at the Hebrew University which is named in memory of their wife and mother (by Air France).

Dr. Augusto Salazar Leite, Professor of Tropical Dermatology and Micology at the Institute of Tropical Medicine at Lisbon and Vice-President of Rotary International, for a week's visit as guest of Israel Rotary during which he will participate in a symposium of the Presidents of the Israel Rotary clubs at Rehovot (by Air France).

Mr. Mordechai Gilead, Director of the Meteorological Service, after attending an international conference of meteorological services at Madrid and visiting the Portuguese and Italian services (by Air France).

Mr. Zvi Herman, of the Zim management, after attending the conference of Atlantic shipping lines at Hamburg, the conference of Mediterranean lines at Genoa, and a conference of Zim agents at Naples (by El Al).

Mr. Michael Barsley, documentary films editor at the British Independent Television Network, to film a short on tourism and one on women in Israel (by El Al).

Dr. W. Preus, Assistant Dean of the faculty of Social Sciences of the Hebrew University in Tel Aviv, from a visit to Europe, where he lectured in Austria and West Germany and attended the Congress on Cooperative Science in Marburg.

A CIVIL DEFENCE drill will take place within the Jerusalem City Limits today. Residents are asked to cooperate with Magen David Adom, the Fire Brigade, the Police, and Civil Defence inspectors.

• • •

THE TWO fishing trawlers Lamerhav and Nitzan, which left for the Red Sea a month ago, have already passed Tokaraidi, in Ghana. The trawlers cabled that they put in for a day to the Ghanian port and have now resumed their journey.

Nahum Goldmann Leaves

Dr. Nahum Goldmann, President of the World Zionist Organization, left yesterday for New York, where he will try to expedite negotiations with Jewish organizations in the U.S. on the question of sending fraternal delegates to the World Zionist Congress. Dr. Goldmann will return to Israel on November 20.

Dutch Ambassador Presents Credentials

The Ambassador of the Netherlands, Baron Willem G. G. Gevers, presented his credentials to President Ben-Zvi yesterday.

The Minister of Social Welfare, Dr. Yosef Burg, represented the Government at the ceremony. An honour guard formed by the Field Engineers' Corps presented arms and the Defence Forces Band played the national anthems.

Baron Gevers said: "I deem it a special privilege... to begin my mission in your beautiful land, now in the full swing of development thanks to the indefatigable energy and efforts of the nation of Israel."

President Ben-Zvi said in reply: "Holland has a special place in the heart of the Israel nation because of her glorious struggle to protect the persecuted... and her industrious development as a peace-loving country based on the principles of liberty and democracy."

ARMOURED CORPS DAY IN TEL AVIV

TEL AVIV. — The armoured corps came to town yesterday to celebrate Armoured Corps Day held by the city of Tel Aviv in honour of its adopted unit. The Sinai Campaign was also commemorated.

Two tanks were stationed outside the Mann Auditorium and officers visited the secondary schools explaining the work of their units to the youngsters. Soldiers were given free entry to cinemas and theatres last night and parties were held in army bases by the municipality.

Mayor Mordecai Namir, later addressed a mass rally held for officers and men of the corps at the Mann Auditorium. He noted the important role played by the corps in the victory of Sinai and the recent news that the corps had been greatly augmented.

THE KNESSET:

Ben-Gurion Will Refute Insinuation About Army

By ARYEH RUBINSTEIN, Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

Prime Minister David Ben-Gurion told the Knesset yesterday that he would reply next Monday to the political debate which has been occupying the attention of the House for the past three days. But he gave notice that he would not comment on the "Lavon Affair," just as he had ignored it in his opening speech.

In view of the fact that two organs of the State — the Foreign Affairs and Security Committee and the Cabinet — were dealing with the "Affair," the Prime Minister thought it neither "logical, fair, or necessary" to say even one word about it. He would discuss, however, the "loathsome insinuation" that had been planted among the public that the Army is not subject to a civil authority.

Slanderers who wanted to go on stirring up trouble and could do so, Mr. Ben-Gurion declared. When the proper time came, he would have something to say about the "Dreyfusiade," and calumniators would then face the verdict of the conscience of the nation.

Only 30 Members

Mr. Ben-Gurion appeared in the Chamber only to make this announcement. Only about 30 members were present.

Mr. Yisrael Kargman (Mapai) said that everyone was happy over Mr. Lavon's statement that he regarded the case as closed. But Mr. Lavon owed thanks to the Prime Minister, who had taken action to uncover the truth, Mr. Kargman said.

He did not think it is any insult to the Foreign Affairs Committee to say that it was not the proper body to deal with a matter of this kind. There was a division of functions in State organs, and the question was which was the most effective.

Mr. Aryeh Ben-Eliezer (Herut) insisted that the Foreign Affairs Committee was the only body authorized to clarify the question. The decisive question is not who did not give the order — he said he was happy that Mr. Lavon now feels he has been exonerated—but who did give the order and who was responsible. Who said that the whole controversy was "between the two?" Maybe there was a third person, a fourth, or more... The denigration of the Foreign Affairs Committee by Mr. Akiva Govrin (Mapai) was an expression of "brazen civic irresponsibility" deserving the censure of every Member speaking on the subject.

Still Unsettled

Mr. Zvi Zimmerman (General Zionist) said that while Mr. Lavon was entitled to regard the affair as closed from his own point of view, there were broader aspects to it which were still unsettled. The inquiry must continue in the Foreign Affairs Committee.

Mr. Aharon Yadlin (Mapai) doubted whether there was any point in continuing the inquiry by a parliamentary committee. The matter should be left to historians. The Knesset should discuss the future, and should not deal with investigations of the past.

The debate will be concluded on Monday.

Sheikh's Hebrew Surprises Knesset

Sheikh Labib Abu Rekun (Cooperation and Brotherhood) surprised yesterday when he spoke in Hebrew for the first time.

The Sheikh, a Druze from Isifiya, explained that he thought it proper to speak in Hebrew, even though he has only been studying the language for a few weeks. He begged the indulgence of the House in respect of any errors he might make and he promised to continue studying the language until he knew it fluently.

Dayan Meets UJA Mission

HAIFA. — Minister of Agriculture Moshe Dayan outlined to the U.J.A. mission here last night some of the country's problems in agriculture in new settlements, and the provision of technical aid to Asia and Africa.

Competition in the field of marketing farm produce would not succeed in Israel, he said, because the new settlers had neither the experience, skill or capital of the veterans, who often had better soil as well. Immigrants would be handicapped under conditions of unrestricted competition. Marketing had therefore to be organized and production to be directed.

This was not easy, but he had never yet encountered an instance when veteran farmers had not agreed to make concessions in favour of the newcomers. The question of surpluses was being dealt with by diversification of crops, exports and increasing efficiency.

Turning to Africa, he warned that Israel's role there should not be exaggerated. Nonetheless Israel's own example led African countries to expect guidance and help. Israel now had the opportunity to help the less-developed countries after being always a recipient land.

Mr. Dayan thought that only the best experts should be sent to African and Asian countries. As Israel was not rich enough to provide financial aid, funds of the U.S. and of the U.N. should be combined with technical assistance from here for the benefit of the awakening nations.

Koor 'Steel City' Shutdown Complete

ACRE. — A wildcat strike closed down the blast furnaces of Koor (Steel City) here yesterday, when the men of the second shift of the rolling mill walked off their jobs. The workers are demanding higher wages, better shower rooms with hot water.

The plant shutdown completely when the smelters joined the other workers yesterday.

The Acre Labour Council describes the strike as unofficial and says the demands have been under negotiation with the management.

The workers say they have been waiting for results regarding their demands for almost one year but that now their patience has run out. They ignored a call by their works committee to return to their jobs.

Koor's Managing Director, Mr. Y. Eilam, said that the strike had been called without consultation with any authorised body including the national Metal Workers Union or with the trade union department of the Histadrut.

Israel-Yugoslavia 2:2 in Chess Olympics

LEIPZIG. — Israel and Yugoslavia stalemated 2:2 yesterday at the International Chess Olympiad thus assuring Israel's place in the competition for places 13 to 24. Indonesia's trailing behind Israel by one half of a point after ending her game with Norway in a stalemate.

The results of the Israel-Yugoslavia match are: Porat-Matanovich: stalemate; Czerniak-Bartok: stalemate; Aloni beat Damjanovich; Peraltz lost to Lerskowitch.

Youth Conference For Israel

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Israel will be the site of the first Study Conference on Children and Youth, under the sponsorship of the International Union for Child Welfare, according to a proposal by Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt which was accepted by the Union. This was announced yesterday to the U.J.A. Study Mission by Mr. Moshe Kol, Head of the Jewish Agency Youth Aliya Department, during a visit to Neve Hadassah Youth Aliya village.

The conference will open in March and will continue for three months. Mr. Kol is a Vice-President of the Union, which is a UNESCO affiliate.

Delegates to the conference will spend their first two weeks in Jerusalem and then will scatter across the country, living and working in 200 Youth Aliya villages, centres and kibbutzim, where 12,000 new immigrant children are cared for. A two-week summing up session will follow.

Mrs. Roosevelt's recommending Israel was based on her belief that no other country in the world has the need and the experience Israel has had in meeting the adjustment of so many children in such a short period of time, Mr. Kol said.

Pioneer Women Celebrate

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Speeches delivered yesterday in impeccable Hebrew by the American Ambassador, Mr. Ogden Reid, and his wife, Marie Louise — whose Southern drawl enhanced the charm of her talk — prompted Prime Minister Ben-Gurion and the wife of the President, Mrs. Rahel Ben-Zvi, to call in Yiddish on more than 400 Pioneer Women from the U.S. and Canada to do as well.

The busy pilgrims hurried from Hamlin House, where Mmes. Reid and Ben-Zvi spoke at the opening of the "Women in Israel" Exhibition to the Habimah Theatre, where Messrs. Reid and Ben-Gurion addressed a gathering of Pioneer Women and their offspring who have settled in Israel.

The Deputy Knesset Speaker, Mrs. Beba Idelson, Secretary-General of Mo'etzet Hapo'alot, addressed the earlier ceremony, which was attended by the Knesset Speaker and Mrs. Kadish Luz; the Transport Minister, the Acting Chairman of the Israel Section of the Jewish Agency Executive; the Labour Attaché at the American Embassy and members of the Knesset Labour parties and of the Histadrut Executive.

The wife of the Canadian Chargé d'Affaires, Mrs. Jean-Marie Déry, brought greeting on behalf of the Canadian Ambassador.

The gathering at the Habimah Theatre was attended by much the same audience, as well as Mrs. Helen Reid, the American Ambassador's mother, and Tel Aviv Mayor Mordecai Namir.

Mrs. Clara Leff, President of Pioneer Women, addressed both gatherings.

Automobile Club Plans Protest

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Automobile Club and Touring Association has requested police permission to hold a demonstration in Jerusalem to protest against the new traffic regulations.

It is tentatively planned to hold it on Thursday, November 3, at 12.30 p.m., when the streets are full of pedestrians and most professional men can get away from their work. Should the "modifications" promised by the Ministry of Transport, which are to take effect on November 1, prove satisfactory, however, the Association may reconsider its decision to demonstrate.

These modifications allow one-way traffic for private vehicles from Herut Square to Zion Square (incoming traffic), while outgoing traffic will have to use the Helena Hamalka — Rehov Hanevi'im detour. They fall short of the Municipality's demands which asked that doctors and invalids be allowed to use Jaffa Road freely in both directions.

The Association is printing gummed stickers which members and interested parties can paste on their cars. These rectangular stickers call for the "Abolition of Traffic Restrictions in Jerusalem."

They are to be distributed to drivers in Tel Aviv and Jerusalem. The purpose behind these stickers — and the demonstration, if held — is twofold: to protest against the remaining restrictions, and to press on the authorities the need to improve facilities for private drivers by moving the Egged station, building parking lots, and laying pavements.

The Executive of the Club expressed its deep regret that the Ministry had not accepted the Municipality's suggestion. The Executive urged the Mayor to continue to fight for these changes and called upon the Ministry of Transport not to make any changes in the bus routes without prior consultation with the relevant Municipal bodies.

Teachers' Negotiations Nearing Climax

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Negotiations for labour improvements for secondary school teachers are nearing their climax, and this evening, Mr. Abba Eban, Minister of Education, was to inform the teachers' representatives of what they would be offered.

Mr. Eban will meet in Tel Aviv with leaders of the Secondary School Teachers Association and report to them on the conclusions of his talks with the various agencies concerned.

This morning, he was to meet with members of the Local Authorities Centre to discuss the latter's participation in school secondary finances in the light of possible indirect increases in pay for teachers. (Many high schools are run by local authorities).

Mr. Eban last night met with Mr. Aharon Becker, Head of the Histadrut Trades Union Department. It is understood that they discussed the possible effect of any wage award to the high school teachers on demands of the elementary school teachers.

The awards under discussion for the secondary school teachers are understood to be in the nature of improvements in such fields as working hours and bonuses for special functions, and not direct salary increases.

Blau Will Enlist —When Messiah Comes

Uri Blau, 33, son of Mr. Amram Blau, the leader of the Naturei Karta, and Ya'acov Samet 24, an adherent of Mr. Amram Blau, were yesterday sentenced to three months' imprisonment for draft evasion.

Blau and Samet, both the fathers of four children, told Jerusalem District Court Judge M. Gaulan that they would be "the first to join the army when the Messiah comes. Our Sages forbid war with the Gentiles so long as the Messiah has not come."

CONSTRUCTION BEGINS ON SHORT SDOM-EILAT ROAD

BEERSHEBA.—Work on the new Sdom-Eilat road was formally begun yesterday with the laying of a cornerstone for the road's first bridge at Nahal Tamar in the Wilderness of Zin, south of Sdom.

The road, which will be 188 km. long, will take two years to build and will cost IL8m. It will shorten the distance between Sdom and Israel's Red Sea port by 76 km., reducing transport costs by IL6 per ton of potash and IL1.5 to IL2 per ton of phosphate.

Dr. Giora Josephthal, Minister of Labour, said a Sdom-Ein Geddi extension of the road would be ready next year. When the entire road has been completed, he said, it will take only 3½-4 hours to travel from Ein Geddi to Eilat instead of eight.

Mr. Mordechai Makleff, Managing Director of the Dead Sea Works said that by 1965 the potash works would be sending 400,000 tons annually to Eilat for export to Africa, Asia, and Far East.

He disclosed that wells dug throughout the Arava are now producing 2,000 cubic metres of water hourly, and that only yesterday a well was dug near the site of the ceremony.

Mr. Baruch Bassin, Director of the Labour Ministry's Public Works Department, said the exploitation of phosphates would begin at Ein Yahav next year. This would not have been possible without the new road, he added.

Among those present were the Ministry's Director-General, Mr. Menahem Butler; the Negev District Representative, Mr. Yitshak Verniman; Beersheba Mayor David Tuviahu, and the owner of the Kaiser-Fraser works, Mr. Ephraim Ilin.

Mr. Ilin told *The Jerusalem Post* he intends to set up a plant in the South. He excluded motor vehicles, but would not specify what the plant would manufacture.

(Leader — Page 1.)

Hamashbir Opens Store in Eilat

EILAT. — The ceremonial opening of Eilat's Hamashbir department-store took place yesterday in the presence of the Minister of Commerce and Industry, Mr. Pinhas Sapir.

Mr. Sapir revealed that his Ministry had already prepared plans to implement the Prime Minister's idea of dotting the Negev with cities which would link Eilat with Beersheba.

Others present at the ceremony were Mayor Yosef Levi, Mr. Ya'acov Efter, Managing Director of Hamashbir, and Zev Haring, of the Histadrut Executive.

Costa Rica Trounces P.T. Hapoel 4-1

PETAH TIKVA. — Costa Rica F.C. produced some fast and fine combined football yesterday to defeat League Champions Petah Tikva Hapoel 4:1 (1:1 at halftime).

Petah Tikva Hapoel were considerably weakened by the absence of internationals Stelmach, Nahari, and Visoker, but for the first 45 minutes gave the visitors a hard game. Centre-forward Olon gave Costa Rica the lead in the opening minute, but P.T. centre-forward Kaufman got an equaliser in the 32nd minute.

Costa Rica showed their best form in the second half, their players being fast on the ball and their passing uncannily accurate. It was no surprise when Olon scored again in the 54th minute. Inside-right Arrare got a third goal in the 83rd minute and right half Rodrigues cracked in a fourth shortly before the final whistle.

Costa Rica will play its second game here against Haifa Maccabi in Haifa on Saturday.

Discrimination Alleged Against Ashkelon School

ASHKELON. — Parents yesterday prevented teachers and children from entering the "Asaf" School here in a protest strike against the authorities for not having organized sufficient classes at the school.

A spokesman for the Parents Committee said that in Ashkelon's State Schools there are 161 classes of which only 20 have to sit in the second shift. Of those 20 second-shift classes, 11 are in the Asaf School.

Seven classes have been assigned, furthermore, to an abandoned Army building, which was condemned as unsafe some time ago.

Mayor Arye Tager contacted with the Ministry of Education and Culture in Jerusalem regarding the strike and a special meeting of the city council was held to discuss it. *(Itim)*

CURRENCY IN CIRCULATION

Currency in circulation declined by IL7,811,886 during the week ending Tuesday to stand at IL318,794,873, the Bank of Israel reported on Wednesday. Gold reserves rose by IL690; foreign currency reserves declined by IL-340,223; and Treasury bills and Government promissory notes declined by IL7,423,263.

Chance, Not Brains, Wins At Poker—High Court

Poker is an illegal game, because chance is a more important factor in it than intelligence, the High Court of Justice ruled yesterday.

The Court so ruled in denying the appeal of an Afula cafe owner, Zaki Cohen, who had been fined IL500 by the District Court for operating a gambling house. Cohen had been charged on the complaint of a customer who said he had lost some IL2,000 in one month of playing poker at the Semadar Cafe.

Justice Shimon Agranat rejected the defence claim that the bluffing required in poker could be considered a "use of brains."

At the same time, the Court acquitted Cohen's Brother, Robert, of similar charges, on the grounds that it had not been proved that he was one of the proprietors of the cafe.

U.S. Negro Leader Jailed For Traffic Violation

DECATUR, Georgia (Reuter). — The Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King, arrested last week for taking part in a sit-in demonstration at an Atlanta lunch counter, has received a four-month sentence for a traffic offence.

Judge Oscar Mitchell, sitting in this Atlanta suburb, has ruled that Dr. King's participation in the demonstration violated the terms of a 12-month suspended sentence passed on him on September 23 for driving without a Georgia driving licence. He ordered him to serve four months in a State public work camp.

Eighty Negroes arrested with Dr. King were freed and the charge against him was dropped by the store at which he was arrested.

Cancer Symposium

TEL AVIV. — The first national conference on breast cancer in Israel closed yesterday after 300 doctors and biologists participated in a discussion at Beit Harofe lasting 2 days. 30 papers were presented by some of the nation's leading experts in this field.

Jerusalem Bus Station— Agreement at Last

Jerusalem Post Reporter

An agreement between the Jerusalem Municipality and Egged was reached in Jerusalem on Wednesday to "settle" within one week the problem of handing over all the land needed by Egged to set up its new station.

(It will be recalled that Egged objected that the Municipality was asking for payment for 2 dunam of land meant for roads. Egged claimed that the city, which expropriated this land for roads, should not demand any money for it.)

At the meeting, Mayor Mordecai Ish-Shalom announced that actual work on the station would begin shortly after the land problem was settled.

At a second meeting between Mr. Ish-Shalom and Mr. Avishai Davidson, General Manager of Egged, and Mr. Michael Barr, Controller of Road Transport, it was decided that a suitable site should be found to set up a temporary Egged station until the permanent one is finished. No time limit was set for this search.

U.K. Censor Insists On Cutting Ghetto Film

LONDON (Reuter). — The British Board of Film Censors has refused a certificate for a 20-minute silent film about the wartime Warsaw Ghetto unless scenes showing the bodies of the Nazis' victims are cut.

Plato Films, the picture's distributors, said on Wednesday they could not agree to the cuts, which would tend to "whitewash" the Nazis and "make a travesty of our purpose" in distributing the film.

The documentary, made by the Nazis themselves, was intended to be shown as a reminder to British audiences of crimes by the Hitler regime against the Polish and Jewish peoples.

Ram Gopal Talks About Tagore

By FAY DORON

"Coming to Israel is a pilgrimage for me," the famous Indian dancer, Ram Gopal, told an audience of several hundred at the Y.M.C.A. in Jerusalem last night.

"I have dreamed of visiting this country ever since I was taken by my guru as a young child to see the beautiful synagogue in Cochin where I met a venerable Rabbi whose face radiated spiritual beauty." The dancer said that on his arrival at Lydda Airport, he had touched the earth in humility as was the custom of Hindus when stepping on sacred soil.

Describing his first meeting with the great Indian sage and poet, Rabindranath Tagore, Ram Gopal said that he had danced for him at Santiniketan and that as a boy of seven, Tagore had seemed to tower above him like an Indian Moses.

Israel and India

Afterwards Tagore had told him to remember always that he was a channel for the truth of India. In the same way, he thought that Israelis were the channel through which flowed a great history and a great tradition.

Israel and India, he went on, were not great in material terms, but they stood for the light of the spirit. "These two great nations of the spirit," he declared, "have a message for the twentieth century and they will both outlive all other countries as long as they remain true to their inner light."

Referring to scientific progress, Ram Gopal quoted General de Gaulle as saying that the greatest distance man needed to travel was within himself. If India had given the world a science, it was the science of being still and if she had a gift for the world, it was that of looking inward. Israel, he felt, had something of the same quality.

Ram Gopal, who was introduced by Mr. Avshalom Caspi, former Israel Consul in Bombay, concluded by reading four poems by Tagore.

His address was followed by a short film illustrating the four schools of Indian Classical dancing. His group of dancers will give performances of these dances in Israel.

Assuta Hospital's 25th Anniversary

The Assuta Hospital in Tel Aviv celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of its founding at a gala dinner last night at which the Minister of Health, Mr. I. Barzilai, and representatives of the Tel Aviv Municipality and leaders of the Israel Medical Association, were among the guests. An open house for the public will be held on Sunday.

INDUSTRY, FINANCE and COMMERCE

20% Reductions On Railway Travel

HAIFA. — Reductions of 20% and a new passenger train timetable will come into effect on Saturday. It applies to the Jerusalem-Tel Aviv and Tel Aviv-Haifa lines and is drawn to conform with the seasonal drop in the number of passengers during winter and spring. There will be only 11 trains between Tel Aviv and Haifa instead of 13, five between Jerusalem and Tel Aviv and four in the opposite direction.

Travellers between the Capital and Tel Aviv will no longer have to change trains at Lod. From next summer the timetable will remain in force for a full year. New passenger coaches, imported from France, will replace the oldest rolling stock which will be kept in reserve for peak seasons.

To stimulate the sagging passenger traffic between Haifa and Jerusalem, the Railways will organise collective trips to Jerusalem, including sightseeing (by bus), breakfast and lunch, with a return trip the same evening, at a popular rate.

Despite a rise in the c.o.l. index and other cost increases the operational deficit of the Railways has shrunk from over IL600,000 last year to IL80,000 this year. While this includes non-recurrent revenue from the sale of scrap iron for IL280,000, a net saving of IL150,000 remains, the result of an intensive economy drive, General Manager M. Savidor announced. He hopes that this year the operational budget will balance.

For efficiency reasons a IL1m. will be invested in the gradual conversion of eight railcar sets into three passenger trains pulled by three new diesel locomotives, each costing $160,000.

Family Allowances Bring Invaluable Aid to Needy

POST Economic Reporter

Seven million pounds have been paid out during the first year of the family allowance insurance scheme to 48,000 families which include four children or more under the age of 14. This was announced at the meeting of the National Insurance Institute Council held in Jerusalem on Tuesday.

The number of children for whom benefits were drawn came to 87,000 and the average benefit per family was IL13 a month, which constituted 8-10 per cent of the family income. The families averaged 5.2 children under the age of 14. Average earnings of the families concerned were little more than IL150 a month.

Seventy-eight per cent of the beneficiaries were from Asia or Africa, and a further 11 per cent were non-Jewish. Temporary workers, who form 14 per cent of the total insured population, constituted 44 per cent of those receiving family allowances. The above figures prove that the family allowance system provides a much needed relief to a sector of the population whose living standards are severely burdened by the number of mouths they have to feed.

Dr. G. Josephthal, Minister of Labour, stated that an arrangement was being sought to allow Dr. Giora Lotan, who has just been appointed Acting Director-General of the Labour Ministry, to retain his post as head of the National Insurance Institute.

A NEW 44-bed wing at the Mazra Hospital for Mental Health was dedicated here by the Minister of Health, Mr. I. Barzilai yesterday.

Tel Aviv Stock Market

	25/10	26/10
$ LINKED		
3½% Tavei $	92½	92½
3½% Zmudei $	87½	87½
4½% Def. Loan	101½	101½
6% Hous. Loan H	98½	98½
4½% " " H	98½	97½
6½% P.E.C. 57/64	102½	102
5% Nat'l Oil Co.	94½	92½
6% K. Hay. III	99½	99½
6% Fert. & Chem.	97½	97½
Local Authorities	101½	101½
C.O.L. LINKED		
4½% Def. Loan	104½	105
4½% Hou. Loan "A"	98½	98½
6½% P.E.C. 57/64	116½	116½
6% K. Hay. III	102½	102½
Local Authorities	101½	101½
[illegible] LINK.		
6% Ind. Dev. Bank	94½	94½
5% Pal. Elect.	94½	94
5% Bank Leumi Inv	95½	95½
ORD. & PREF. SHRS.		
Pal. Elect. Stock	421	416
4½% Pal. Elect. 2nd Pref. Stock	400	390
Bank Leumi "A" Ord. Stock	—	—
Gen Mort. Bank (new bearer)	360	343
Bank Leumi Inv	206½	206½
Rassco Pref.	230	230
Hous. Mort. Bank	186	179½
Ellern Invest.	393	366
Africa Pal. Inv.	275	257½
I. L. D. C. (new bearer)	297	297
Ata Textiles	247	234
Def. Sh. (Reg.)	236	226
Moller Text.	171	171
Phoenicia	145½	137
Assis & Bei. Dev	240	237
Pal. Potash	261	259½
Dead Sea Foun.	301	299
Teva	850	860
Pal. Cold Stor.	295	291
Paper Mills	234½	233½
Alliance	24.75	24.25
Delek	343	337
Delek 11/12	348	336
Jordan Explor.	128½	128
CURB		
Lapidoth	61	61
Naphta	180	178½

B: Buyers only. X: ex Div/Coupon

TODAY'S TENDENCY

Dollar Bonds	Lower
Index Bond	Firm
Ord. Shares	Weak

AS REPORTED BY

UNION BANK OF ISRAEL LTD

Your Investment Advisers

Tsour Warns Textile Workers on Productivity

POST Economic Reporter

"The dollar saved in textile production still costs us more than IL3.60. This means that our exporters have to rely on the domestic market to meet the world price. This method will become less workable as the proportion of our textiles allocated to export rises," stated Mr. Michael Tsour, Director-General of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry, at the opening of the Seventh Conference of the Council of the Textile Workers Union in Jerusalem yesterday.

The development of the textile industry in the last two years has been faster than in any country, and it has now become Israel's largest industry. Our exports have more than doubled in the same period, and they will have to increase more than threefold by 1965, Mr. Tsour added. It is important to the economy, because in some branches it achieves an added value even greater than that obtained in the citrus industry.

If we are to meet the export challenge, however, we shall have to raise productivity at every level, he emphasised. The critical report of Professor Cohen is encouraging, because it reveals shortcomings that can be remedied.

The meeting was opened by Mr. Avraham Arad, Secretary of the Union.

Ha'argaz Will Make 'Colmobile,' 10 H.P.

TEL AVIV. — A locally manufactured 10 h.p. van to carry up to one ton of produce and costing IL2,000 was displayed to the press yesterday. The van, called "Colmobile," is manufactured at the "Ha'argaz" plant here in cooperation with N.V. Gazelle Dieren of Holland.

The only imported part of the van is its motor, from the Sachs Company of Germany. The four-gear Colmobile can travel at a maximum of 40 k.p.h. with a full load. Mr. A. Meshulam, general manager of Ha'argaz, told pressmen that the van was particularly suitable for urban haulage and agricultural purposes.

There was a local market for between 200 to 300 Colmobiles a year and negotiations are under way with Turkey and Persia for export of the vans.

Notice to the Public

HAVE YOU PAID THE ADVANCE ON THE ARNONA AND PROPERTY TAXES?

REMEMBER that October 31 is the last date for payment of the advance.

The accounts departments in the Arnona and Property Taxes offices in Jerusalem, Tel Aviv-Yafo and Gush Dan are open as follows:

Sunday to Thursday — 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.; Fridays and Festival eves — 8 a.m. to 1 p.m.

Special clerks are placed at the public's disposal to instruct them in all matters concerning the advance and the Arnona and Property taxes.

The advance and the Arnona and Property Taxes can be paid at all branches of Bank Hadoar.

Y. SALMAN,
Director of Arnona and Property Taxes.

DEFENCE LOAN— (1959-1960) (MILVEH BITAHON)

6% Registered Bonds

The Register of the above loan will be closed and no transfers will be effected as from November 1, 1960 up to November 30, 1960, inclusive, owing to the fourth redemption and the half-yearly interest payment, due on December 1, 1960.

BANK OF ISRAEL
STATE LOANS ADMINISTRATION

EXCLUSIVE in

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— The greatest political struggle in Israel's history is at hand.

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— Israel's new social dilemma—swank, costly Bar-Mitzva parties have drawn fire from Chief Rabbi Nissim. How much do they cost — and where will it lead?

★ **MOSCOW CALL GIRLS**
— An eye-opening documented exposé of Moscow's vice, an article the Kremlin would prefer went untold.

★ **EICHMANN — ANATOMY OF A KILLER**
— Another chapter in Eichmann's rise to Nazism's hierarchy.

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— Butler Cronin continues the "inside story" of Princess Margaret and Tony Armstrong-Jones.

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Letter from New York — *By Jesse Zel Lurie*

THE GREAT TELEVISION DEBATES

NEW YORK. — THE television debates between the two presidential candidates represent a unique development in American political life. Nevertheless your correspondent has refrained from commenting on this phenomenon until now because I seem to stand alone in considering these debates a debasement of American political life.

A tremendous audience has watched the close-up of their candidates on the TV screen. Many have told interviewers that they are making up their minds on the basis of the TV debates.

Commentators ranging from liberal Max Lerner to conservative Walter Lippmann have written favorably about this revolution in presidential campaigning.

Minority View-point

I am sensitive about reporting my minority viewpoint because some of my friends at the State Department and the American Embassy in Tel Aviv told me — in a very friendly fashion, of course, and without impinging on freedom of the press — that at times my reports have been unrepresentative of American public opinion and that I might be guilty of presenting false picture to the Israel reader. Yet although my opinion of the TV debate is definitely a minority viewpoint, I no longer hold it alone. On October 18, an editorial entitled "The Silly Season" appeared in "The Wall Street Journal," as follows:

> Somehow the last weeks of a Presidential campaign always seem to whip up a lot of froth over matters relatively inconsequential and sometimes downright silly.
>
> Look, for example, at what happened to the promised "great debate" over foreign policy. A casual question to Mr. Kennedy about Quemoy and Matsu, and the next thing we know the candidates were off in a progressively degenerating wrangle.
>
> What merits there were in getting the two candidates' views on these islands — themselves just part of larger and more important questions — were soon lost in disputes over what Mr. Nixon meant by defending them "in principle" and what Mr. Kennedy meant by what he said on the subject back in 1955. To give it the final Gilbert-and-Sullivan touch, Mr. Kennedy has just tried to end the argument by blandly saying that now Mr. Nixon agrees with him, and Mr. Nixon has retorted that he doesn't either. So there.
>
> Though silly, it's also sad. It's a cliche by now that this is one of the "most important elections of our times." Well, if the candidates believe so, why don't they treat it as such?
>
> For, the truth is that if the clash over Quemoy has assumed such seeming importance it is because neither of the candidates has really tried to set before us, broadly, his views on foreign policy in such a way that Quemoy would become not a great issue in itself but rather an illustrative example of how foreign policy might be applied in a given case.
>
> Silly side-shows we'll always have in any political season, and sometimes they can be very entertaining. But the voters aren't getting what they asked for when the side-shows become the main event.

The question remains why this face-to-face confrontation dramatically taking place in the living rooms of most of the voters in this country has not engendered the excitement of a great debate in the tradition of Douglas-Lincoln; and why it has not clarified and pinpointed the viewpoints of the candidates on the crucial issues of the day. I think the answers lie in the nature of the medium, the nature of the candidates and the nature of the issues.

Panel Show

The debates have, in general, followed the tradition of panel shows. A group of newspapermen shoot questions at the candidates. The candidate answers in a minute or two and has not the time to examine the question in depth. This is not a debate in the actual meaning of the word. I don't know why they haven't debated, shooting searching questions at each other. Maybe the TV moguls felt that an oratorical debate in the Douglas-Lincoln tradition would not hold an audience pap-fed on Western thrillers and quipful panels. Maybe the candidates or their representatives didn't want it. Both of them have been scared of this TV experiment and what it would do to the "images" that they have been trying to project to the American public.

My overpowering impression as I listened to the first three debates is the essential lack of issues between the candidates. Both of them pounced on the defence of Quemoy, innocently introduced by one of the reporters. Here, at last, was a point on which they differed. But did they really, and was their difference essential? The important question, which no one asked, is would our policy on Quemoy differ if Kennedy or Nixon was in the White House? An honest answer must be negative.

The crucial question of today is survival. How does the U.S. deal with Khrushchev and Mao? This is to be the subject of the fourth and last debate. I doubt that any real difference will develop between them because there are none. Both agree on waging the cold war — only Kennedy says "I can do it better."

Basis for Undecided Voters

What have the TV debates accomplished? Why have they attracted such a large, but slowly diminishing, audience? I think the answer is that they have brought the candidates into the homes and given the millions of undecided voters some basis for a decision. Their impression may be based on how they look or how they handle themselves under fire rather than on what they say. Sometimes it is downright inconsequential. Ira Williams, a taxi-driver in Memphis, Tennessee, and a life-long Democrat, told a "Wall Street Journal" reporter that he was going to vote for Nixon because Kennedy's "hair grows too close to his eyes."

As James Reston said in "The New York Times": "Anybody who could put the anti-Kennedy and the anti-Nixon vote together could clearly sweep the country."



Vice-President Richard Nixon and Senator John Kennedy during one of the four television debates in the U.S. Presidential election campaign.

Old Quarrel Taken to U.N.

By MINETTA JUCKER

ROME (OFNS). — IN asking the U.N. Assembly to approve autonomous status for South Tyrol, Vienna has cast a stone into the European duckpond. The ripples are beginning to disturb Italy's relations with West Germany, with consequences which could be harmful to the European Community of the Six and even disturb Nato.

The Italian Government pressed Austria to keep the quarrel on a bilateral "European" basis, suggesting that it be referred to the International Court at The Hague, in conformity with the Convention for "the peaceful settlement of disputes" stipulated by the Council of Europe in April 1957, and ratified by Italy and Austria last January. The Austrians, however, insisted on putting their complaints to the U.N., counting on the sympathy of the newly-independent countries.

The dispute over South Tyrol dates from 1919 when the German-speaking territory south of the Brenner Pass was annexed to Italy by the Treaty of Saint Germain. After the vicissitudes brought to this region first by the Fascists, and later by the Nazi regime, a peaceful and enlightened settlement seemed to have been reached. This was an agreement for "the safeguard of the cultural development and ethnic rights" of the German-speaking minority, signed in Paris by the Italian Prime Minister, Sgr. Alcide de Gasperi, and the Austrian Foreign Minister, Herr Hans Gruber. Both men believed in the "European" ideal, and neither foresaw a recrudescence of national or racial intolerance on the traditional pattern in this area.

Recently, however, the attitude of the German-speaking population towards the Italian authorities has become envenomed under the influence of anti-Italian propaganda, directed partly from Austria and partly from West Germany. Innsbruck was at first the headquarters of the Tyrolese irredentist movement, but lately separatist agitation has been aggravated by propaganda of a more explicitly pan-German character directed from Munich.

Bavarian Rally

In mid-September, the Bavarian capital was the scene of a big rally of "Tyrolese of three nations" (Austria, Germany, Italy), in which Deputies from the Bundestag and Members of the Bavarian Parliament took part and which ended in a meeting at the Bürgerbraukeller, the famous beer house where the Nazi propagandists used to hold their meetings at the outset of Hitler's dictatorship.

Public opinion in Italy has been shocked by these demonstrations. Conservative Italian newspapers, which had cultivated an almost unlimited admiration for Chancellor Adenauer and his regime, have described the German reaction to the Tyrolean dispute as "a stab in the back." To be let down by Italy's closest and most important partner in the European Community is a blow to the prestige of the Foreign Minister (and former Premier) Antonio Segni, whose personal friendship for Chancellor Adenauer is well known. Signor Fanfani's Government is not perhaps deeply affected, as yet, because it is too new to be held responsible for the situation. The Prime Minister's personal line towards Germany has always been dignified and independent. Nonetheless, the "European" ardour of many Italians has been damped.

Joint Regional Autonomy

Austria's appeal to the U.N. is based on the terms of the 1946 Agreement which promised "the exercise of autonomous legislative and executive regional powers" to "the populations of Bolzano province and the neighbouring bi-lingual townships in Trento province." The wording was ambiguous, perhaps designedly, and the Italians interpreted it by giving regional autonomy to a "region" comprising the two provinces of Bolzano and Trento. In this unit the Italian population has a two-thirds majority, whereas in the single province of Bolzano the German speakers outnumber the Italians by 240,000 to 120,000.

The Italian Government claims that de Gasperi made it clear to Hans Gruber that regional autonomy would be conceded jointly to Bolzano and Trento (which were administratively united even under Hapsburg rule). For obvious strategic reasons — this is a frontier area which includes one of Nato's main bastions, the Brenner Pass — Italy cannot easily concede full self-governing powers to Bolzano province alone, where the separatists who control the Volkspartei make no secret of their intention to ask for a plebiscite and annexation to neutral Austria. For this reason the Italians hope that their Nato allies will support them at the U.N.

Forty years have gone by since South Tyrol passed to Italy. In that period the economy of the region has been completely transformed. Millions of pounds have been invested in industry, scores of thousand of Italians, in the period between the two wars, settled in the towns. Today the new prosperity deriving from Italy's industrial boom, and from the expansion of the Common Market tends to break down the barriers between the two communities. Perhaps this economic trend towards a mixing and a levelling of the two populations is the real reason for the opposition put up by local separatists to a modern liberal regime.

HEARD ABROAD

As I get older I'm becoming more and more British. My A's are getting broader, my tea is stronger, and my moustache is more fierce. — Film actor James Mason

Vice has never had it so good as in Britain today — Lord Stonham.

I do not believe in polygamy because of my circumstances.—President Nasser.

Sir Roy Welensky, in dealing with this vital Central African situation, has clearly shown himself to be one of the three greatest statesmen in the world today. — Mr. Robert Jenkins, M.P.

Can we say that with 15 representatives, Ambassadors or Ministers in Nato, acting in unanimity, the deterrent would continue to be credible? There might be one finger on the trigger. There would be 15 fingers on the safety catch.

YESTERDAY'S PRESS

THE LAVON AFFAIR

Davar (Histadrut) writes: "Mr. Lavon's declaration... (that he is satisfied with Mr. Sharett's statement on the affair) is an important and necessary contribution to removing "the affair" from the agenda and ending the emotional storm that developed in connection with it... It is no longer necessary to clarify the question of whether or not false testimony was given; this has been done by the Cohn Committee. The questions of Mr. Lavon's resignation, or of personal relations, are not a subject for an 'inquiry.' How will the Foreign Affairs and Security Committee occupy itself from now on if it continues its investigation? It is important to remove the question of the defence establishment from the arena of inter-party and intra-party conflict as soon as possible."

Al Hamishmar (Mapam) on the other hand, demands that the Foreign Affairs and Security Committee continue its investigation of the "Lavon Affair." The clearing of Mr. Lavon's name is only one element in the affair: "The most important thing is to ensure that the grave things that happened will not happen again; that there will be no further attempt to impose the desires of the military on elected public representatives; and that democratic control will remain strong," the paper declares.

Moral Values Important

Lamerhav (Ahdut Ha'avoda) writes: "Those in Mapai who are looking for compromises must take into consideration the fact that the Knesset and the public will not agree to an act of contempt against the Foreign Affairs and Security Committee, by removing from it, in the middle of its work, the investigation of this important and fateful affair, which is no longer the problem of one man."

Hatsofe (National Religious) objects to the Prime Minister connecting the need to raise the standards of the country's youth with the requirements of the Defence Forces. "Everyone agrees that the security of the State is of the utmost importance, but the Army is a means and not an end... Moral values are important in themselves, as the soul of the Jewish people, not as a 'secret weapon' for strengthening the Defence Forces."

MARGINAL COMMENT

MOSCOW and PEKING

By George Leonof

LARGELY on the principle that there is no smoke without fire, a great many Western news commentators, and not a few statesmen, constantly and confidently refer to the fundamental political and ideological differences between Moscow and Peking. It is taken for granted the two colossi of Communism are feverishly striving for intra-bloc supremacy on the basis of a bitter dispute over the possibility of peaceful coexistence with the capitalist world, and the inevitability of war with it. China is portrayed as utterly incredulous of the first theory, in the unshakable conviction that the second is true. Considering there is, in fact, no concrete evidence of deep division between Moscow and Peking on any question concerning their relations with the West, the readiness with which these assumptions have been unquestioningly accepted is curious, but less perplexing than Russian and Chinese indifference to their currency. On one or two occasions, when specifically questioned on the subject, Mr. Khrushchev casually dismissed the reports as baseless. The Chinese have neither created nor taken any opportunity to deny them directly.

★

NOR are the thunderous affirmations of monolithic Sino-Soviet solidarity, which fell thick and fast from the lips of Russian and Chinese leaders in the first years of Mr. Mao Tse-tung's advent to power, anywhere near as frequent these days. They are still sounded, but now only on strictly appropriate occasions. One such opportunity was Peking's reply earlier this week to the Kremlin's congratulations on the 11th anniversary of the Chinese People's Government. It was couched in familiar terms, with the usual paeans of praise, avowals of eternal, inviolable, fraternal friendship, and a Chinese tribute to the Soviet Union as the inspirer and leader of the Communist world. The unusual feature of the Chinese reply was the signatures — all four of the Forbidden City's most illustrious comrades — Mr. Mao, President Liu Shao-chi, Premier Chao En-lai and Marshal Chu Teh — set their names to it as an assurance, apparently, that if there are "dogmatists" in the Chinese party "unable correctly to assess the great changes" in the world situation, they are not to be found in the top leadership.

THE assurance seemed aimed less at combatting impressions in the West than at the Soviet people who, unlike the Chinese masses, are not entirely ignorant of reports in the Western press and on the radio. Significantly, the Chinese reply received top prominence in the Soviet press, while according to available reports it was almost shunned by Peking newspapers. As far as the West is concerned, the Russians and Chinese seem almost unwilling to contradict the prevailing belief about a Sino-Soviet dispute, a belief which has already created a pronounced tendency to advocate some sort of agreement with co-existentialist Khrushchev before he is swamped by the Chinese "inevitabilitists."

★

IT might be pertinent to recall that in the 40 years since a group of Comintern representatives came to China to help found the Chinese Party, the common interest of Russian and Chinese Communists has survived a number of upheavals and bitter struggles. In all cases, the Chinese invariably supported the official Moscow line, sometimes to the apparent detriment of their own particular interests. Granted the difference between the weak and outlawed party which Mr. Mao then led, and his present-day Government, which controls the destinies of 650 million people, those who head the party are, in the main, the same men who stuck to Stalin in his strife with Trotsky, as they later backed Khrushchev against the Stalinists; who, when it suited Soviet policy in the years 1936-37, concluded an anti-Japanese alliance with Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek, and were subsequently content to see Soviet arms pour to the Kuomintang even though they knew a large part of these weapons were being kept for use against themselves as soon as the Japanese were defeated. They are the same, too, who in the latter days of World War II, after Stalin and Molotov made some derogatory remarks about Chinese Communists to U.S. diplomats, played along so convincingly that American Ambassador Patrick Hurley reported to the State Department that "the Chinese Communists are not Communists at all" and "the Soviet Union is not supporting the Chinese Communist Party."

Jerusalem, October 27, 1960.

Readers' Letters

MUSICAL STUDIES

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — At the conference of musicians and music teachers held in Tel Aviv recently (your Musical Diary of today) the general emphasis seems to have been, and rightly so, on the lack of general music study in the primary and secondary schools.

Music has also suffered in the same way in schools in other countries, where at one time it was regarded as the Cinderella of the subjects. This was partly due to the shortage of properly trained music teachers, and more often than not the subject was taught by a musician who was a disappointed performer and not a trained pedagogue.

Nowadays, however, music teachers have the necessary training and this training is available in Israel, too. I feel that the trouble may well start in the home; many of our parents are interested only in the instrumental virtuosity of their children, and indeed there is no shortage of prodigies here.

The music schools are endeavouring to cater for the general musical education of their pupils, but this is of necessity in after-school hours, and it is only the gifted few who will make the effort and give the extra time, while the less gifted children could certainly enrich their general culture by having music as part of their general education. Surely, it is not only the future actors who study literature and drama or only the future painters who learn art? It is not performers which we lack here, but in time we may not have any intelligent or interested listeners.

Yours, etc.
FREDA SIMBLER
Haifa October 19.

BUSINESS ETHICS

Sir, — Complaints from readers, about unfair practices from which they have suffered in business transactions, purchases, etc., and the lack of goodwill shown by manufacturers and merchants in settling the problems, have recently appeared in the Press.

We wish to draw the attention of your readers to the fact that the office of the Better Business Bureau — B.B.B. — at 8 Ahuzat Bayit Street, Room No. 30, Tel Aviv, is at the service of the general public for the settlement of disputes and misunderstandings connected with business ethics and practices — as a public service and without charge.

The Bureau can point with satisfaction to the fact that during its first year of work it has succeeded in dealing effectively with many such matters brought to it for attention, to the satisfaction of all parties.

Yours, etc.
MAX H. CLYMAN
Executive Secretary
The Better Business Bureau
Tel Aviv, October 16.

CAR TAXES

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — On March 15, 1960 I registered in my name a second-hand car which I had purchased from an invalid who was exempt from any taxes and only had to pay a reduced licence fee for the car. At the same time, I paid the difference in the licence fee between the reduced and the normal amount for the period from March 15 to the expiry date of August 4, 1960. I also paid IL90 for the Defence Stamp, this being the amount of tax for one full year.

On August 4, when I renewed the licence, I was requested to pay another IL90 for the defence stamp for the tax year April 1960 to March 1961 because the first payment, on March 15, 1960, covered only the tax year 1959/60 — although I had ownd the car only two weeks then and the former owner had not ben liable to tax at all.

If the law is really such that a person can be charged a year's tax amount for only two weeks' ownership, was it not the duty of a sincere "civil servant" to give me a clear explanation in March, so that I could have avoided this unjust double payment by postponing the registration two weeks?

Yours, etc.
DR. ERICH HANNACH
Ramat Gan, August 21.

Treasury Replies

In accordance with paragraph 6(a) of the law, the defence stamp is payable — in your correspondent's case — by every person who maintains a private car (on which he is obligated to have a licence) at any time during the period of the levy. It is therefore clear from this definition that even if the owner of the private car had it in his possession for only part of the year, he is still obligated to pay the levy in full.

A. MANDL
Department of Inland Revenue
Jerusalem, October 14.

JOURNALISTS EARNINGS

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — In your issue of January 1, 1960, a reader asked why Israel journalists who work for foreign newspapers should not be granted "export" privileges instead of continuing to receive the unrealistic IL1.80 rate for their hard-earned foreign currency which goes to the Israel Treasury.

The Treasury replied that no premium is given on foreign currency income which is derived from services, and the income mentioned by Mr. Levi falls into this category, in the opinion of the Treasury.

According to instructions issued by the Treasury a few days ago, Israelis who receive their wages outside Israel are entitled to the rate of IL2.16 when transferring their income to Israel. How does this affect Mr. Levi's question?

Yours, etc.
DR ERICH LOBB
Haifa, September 6.

Treasury Replies

The Foreign Currency Division in the Treasury has recently decided to allow a 20 per cent cash premium on the transfer of foreign currency income earned by correspondents of foreign newspapers who receive their salaries in accordance with a fixed contract with the foreign newspaper.

MAYA ADAM
Public Relations Dep't
Finance Ministry
Jerusalem, September 19.

PEN FRIENDS

WILLIAM NATHANSON, 17, of 2236 Creston Avenue, New York 53, N.Y., U.S.A., would like to correspond with a girl from Israel.

KEEPING POSTED

WE have heard of a homesick Israeli in London who decided he wanted something to eat that would conjure up Rehov Dizengoff for him, and went to a Cypriot restaurant to have *shashlik*. It didn't matter, after all, that they call it *shish-kebab*. There were also pickled peppers and eggplant so sharp that they burnt the tongue. Rather hesitantly, our friend asked whether, perhaps, by any chance, they knew what *humus* was? Of course they did. "With *tehina*?" Yes. And a little pool of oil in the middle?" Yes. "And chopped parsley?" Even that. Our friend's mouth watered in anticipation. Presently the *humus* came, served in a soup-plate with a soup-spoon sticking out of it incongruously. There was no *pita*, of course, only chalk-white sliced bread. The real surprise came when he discovered that the *humus* was served piping hot. As he had made such a fuss over the order he felt that he had to eat it, but he says it tasted like well-cooked cardboard. When the bill came it turned out that the *humus* was twice as much as the *shashlik*. After that he stuck to fish and chips for the rest of his stay.

•

WE have seen pictures occasionally of the fine university buildings that have been going up in Baghdad in order to turn an institution of very limited scope into a regular university so that Iraqis can get their education at home. We have just dug up an advertisement in an old "New Statesman" that hints at the other problem involved — and offers 251 teaching posts at the new university. All but 17 of these are required to have Ph.D. degrees or the equivalent in subjects ranging from Old Pehlevian (which goes together with Persian) to "Irrigation and Drainage and Flood and Irrigation" design. That may be difficult, for we have never heard of anyone getting even a minor degree in Flood Design. They also want somebody to teach "Civil and Commercial Procedure and Execution," the latter unhappily still a necessary skill in Baghdad. The lecturer in Kurdish literature is to be recruited from either Leningrad or Harvard Universities. Eleven Ph.D.'s are sought to teach Arabic Rhetoric. Three are wanted for French and another three for German, who are to be "of German nationality and teaching in the Goethe method." They are also looking for brickmakers, carpenters, tinsmiths, etc. with diplomas, and one person, also with a diploma, to teach "Flower Making."

But probably they don't want Israelis in any case.

•

THE Savannah, Georgia, "Morning News" is usually much concerned with Savannah news, but is not above getting indignant on occasion. Fifteen Arab journalists were brought to the United States at the taxpayers' expense, they write. And then what do they write home? Such charming flights



of fancy, for instance, as a confidential report that President Eisenhower is angry with Mr. Khrushchev mainly because he had promised to take his grandchildren along on his trip to Russia, and now they are disappointed. Savannah's editorial writer adds:

> With all gravity, the Arab reporter says he was told by "a White House source" that "Eisenhower's crisis with his grandchildren is one of the main things which irritate him about Krushchev." This in reference to the man whose calm and dignified behavior struck such a sharp contrast to that of the rotund little Russian who pitched a tantrum when he didn't get to visit Disneyland.

Today's contributors include M. Ben Dov, Eilath, and S., Rehovot.

THE JEWISH NATIONAL AND UNIVERSITY LIBRARY

will be open to the public in its new premises on the University's campus at Givat Ram from Tuesday, November 1, at 8 a.m.

The Lending Department and the Periodicals Reading Room will be open till 7 p.m., and the General and Jewish Studies Reading Room till 10 p.m.

TO CITIZENS WHO HAVE BEEN ABROAD

The Government Tourist Corporation, with a view to increasing the efficiency and quality of tourist services and thereby increasing the amount of tourism in Israel and strengthening the tourists' ties with the country, hereby calls upon Israel citizens who have travelled abroad to submit their answers to the following questions to serve as a basis for consideration of possible improvements.

Every original suggestion for improving services and treatment of tourists will be welcome.

1. What is your opinion of the local public's attitude towards the tourist in Israel? What was the public's attitude towards tourists in the countries you visited, and what would you suggest to improve this factor here?
2. Could you point out the special arrangements in institutions, museums, places of entertainment, etc., which may encourage tourism?
3. How were you received by the travel agent and how were you impressed by his treatment? What can be done to advance these services in Israel?
4. Did you find the guides to be of a suitable standard? What can we learn from them in order to improve this service in Israel?
5. At the hotel you were received by a receptionist. How were you impressed by his work and what would you suggest that we learn from him?
6. What is your opinion of the waiters at restaurants and hotels? What can be done to improve these services in Israel?
7. Give your opinion of various hotel services (cleaning, room service, elevator operators and other arrangements) with a view to improving these services in Israel.
8. What is your opinion of the cuisine in the countries you have visited? (Taste of the food, its variety, serving, etc.) Do you have any ideas or suggestions for improvements in Israel in this field?
9. How did you find other tourist service — attitude of police, shopkeepers, etc.
10. What do you think of transport facilities in Israel as compared with those in the countries you visited?
11. Which type of publicity seems to you most effective and how were you affected by the planning of tours you made in the countries you visited?

Answers should be addressed to the Guides' Department, The Government Tourist Corporation, 10 King George Ave., Jerusalem. Your response will be gratefully appreciated.

"YERID HAMIZRAKH"
Exhibitions Company Ltd.
in cooperation with the
Association of Commercial Artists in Israel
announces a

PUBLIC COMPETITION
for a POSTER of the
1962 NEAR-EAST INTERNATIONAL FAIR
TEL AVIV

Prizes: — 1st prize IL800
2nd prize IL500
3rd prize IL250

The Jury will consist of 5 members, three of whom will be representatives of the public, and two representatives of the Association of Commercial Artists.

Entries should be submitted till noon, December 11, 1960, at the Company's offices, Exhibition Gardens, Rokach Blvd. Tel Aviv — in a sealed envelope; applicant's name and address and code of identification of the poster should be enclosed.

In addition to the above prizes, three certificates of appreciation will be given for outstanding works.

MORDECAI NAMIR, Mayor,
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